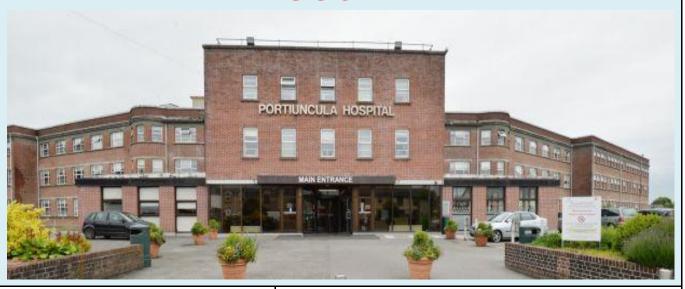




Portiuncula University Hospital (PUH) Laboratory User Guide

Version 14



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TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 2 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Table of Contents

1.0	General Information6
1.1	Introduction6
1.2	Quality Policy Statement6
1.3	Confidentiality and GDPR8
1.4	Complaints and Feedback9
1.5	Location and Access to Pathology Department9
1.6	Pathology Department Opening Hours
1.7	Pathology Department Contact Information
Tabl	e 1 General Pathology Contact Information
Tabl	e 2 Biochemistry Contact Information
Tabl	e 3 Haematology and Blood Transfusion Contact Information
Tabl	e 4 Histopathology Contact Information
Tabl	e 5 Microbiology Contact Information
1.8	Clinical Advisory Services
1.9	On Call Service
1.10	Phlebotomy
1.11	General Practice
2.0	Specimen containers, specimen handling and request forms16
2.1	Consumable Supplies
2.2	The Request Form
2.3	Specimen Acceptance Criteria
2.3.	1 Sample receipt
2.4	Essential Identifiers, Desirable Identifiers and Mandatory Requirements
Tabl	e 6: Requirements for details on request form
Tabl	e 7: Requirements for details on Specimen
Tabl	e 8: Pre-Analytical Quality Issues21
3.0 T	ransport and Delivery of Specimens22
3.1	Internal Transport of Specimens
3.2	Delivery of specimens to PUH from external locations (GP's/HSE)
3.3	Referral samples23



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 3 of 135
FFFCTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

4.0 P	rocessing and Reporting of Test Results24
4.1	Turnaround Times
4.2	Urgent Requests24
4.3	Requesting additional examinations (Test add-ons)24
4.4	Default Testing24
4.5	Electronic reporting of results
4.6	Telephoned Results
4.7	Faxed Reports26
4.8	Printed Reports
5.0	Clinical Biochemistry Department27
5.1	Profile
5.2	Clinical Advice and Service27
5.3	Biochemistry Request Form27
5.4	Biochemistry Out-Of-Hours
5.5	Turnaround Time For Urgent Specimens
5.6	Test Profiles Available
5.7	Critical Limits
5.8	Add-on Tests
5.9.	Specimen Retention Policy
5.10	Antibiotic Tests
5.11	Near Patient Testing
5.12	2 24h Urine Collections
5.13	BD Barricor Tubes (Ref 365051)
6.0	Blood Transfusion Department34
6.1	Profile34
6.2	Clinical Advice and Service
6.3	Transfusion Request Forms34
6.4	Transfusion Out-Of-Hours35
6.5	Test Profiles and Turnaround times
6.6	Critical Limits39
6.7	Specimen and Request Form Labelling Requirements



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 4 of 135
FFFCTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

6.7.1	Completing The Request Form And Sample Labelling	40
6.7.2	Labelling at Patient's bedside:	40
6.7.3	Using Bloodtrack PDA Devices:	41
6.7.4	Add-On Requests	42
6.8 R	equesting Blood and Blood Components	43
6.8.1	Second sample policy for Transfusion	43
6.8.2	Red Cell Concentrates (RCCs)	44
6.8.3	Paedipacks	44
6.8.4	Platelets:	45
6.8.5	Frozen Plasma:	45
6.8.6	Anti-D immunoglobulin (Ig):	45
	Blood Derivatives (Albumin, Elocta, Alprolix, Novoseven®, Prothrombin Complex pind), Riastap, , Wilate®, ,)	45
6.8.8	Transport of Blood with a Patient to an External Location	46
6.8.9	Haemovigilance Procedures and Guidelines	46
6.9 Fe	etal Maternal Haemorrhage Investigations by Kleihauer-Betke Test (KBT)	47
6.10 N	Management Of Transfusion Reactions	48
7.0 Ha	ematology Department	49
7.1	Profile	49
7.2	Clinical Advice and Service	49
7.3	Haematology Request Forms	50
7.4	Test Profiles	50
7.5	Haematology Out-Of-Hours	51
7.6	Turnaround Times	52
7.7	Reference Ranges	52
7.8	Critical Alert values	53
7.9	Add-on Tests	54
7.10	Specimen Retention Policy	54
7.11 7	Test Stability and limitations Associated with Test Methodology	54
8.0 H	listopathology Department	57
8.1	Profile	57
8.2	Clinical Advice and Service	57



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 5 of 135
FFFCTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

	8.3	HIS	topathology Request Form	5/
	8.4.1	R	outine Histopathological Examinations	58
	8.4.2	C	Cytology Samples	58
	8.4.3	С	Cytogenetics	59
	8.5	Aut	opsy	59
9	.0 M	1edi	cal Microbiology Department	63
	9.1	Pro	file	63
	9.2	Clin	nical Advice and Service	63
	9.3	Mic	robiology Request Form	63
	9.4	Tes	t Profiles	63
	9.5	Mic	robiology Out-Of-Hours	64
	9.6	Gui	delines for Requesting Microbiology Tests	64
	9.6.	1	Specimen Retention	64
	9.6.	2	Unsuitable Specimens and Additional Examinations	65
	9.6.	3	General Collection and Transport Guidelines	65
	9.6.	4	Blood Cultures	66
	9.6.	5 CS	SF Specimens	67
	9.6.	6 En	nteric Samples (Faeces)	68
	9.6.	7 Flu	uids for Culture and Sensitivity	69
	9.6.	8	Sputum and TB Specimens	69
	9.6.	9 Sv	vabs for Culture and Sensitivity	69
	9.6.	10 S	Swabs for Viral Investigation	70
	9.6.	11 T	- issues	70
	9.6.	12 L	Jrine Samples	70
	9.6.	13 C	Dermatophyte Culture – Collection and Transport	70
9	.7 R	efer	rrals	70
9	.8 T	urna	around Times	71
Α	ppend	lix 1	: Test Directory and Order of Draw (Adult Tubes)	73
A	ppend	lix 2	2: Test Directory and Order of Draw (Paediatric Tubes)	74
A	ppend	lix 3	3: Test Directory and Order of Draw	75
A			4: Register of Changes to Laboratory User Guide (Version 13 to Version 14)	
	1	34		



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 6 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

1.0 General Information

1.1 Introduction

The purpose of this manual is to act as a reference guide for all users of the Pathology Service in Portiuncula University Hospital (PUH). The Pathology Department strives to provide a service that consistently meets the needs and expectations of the medical profession while contributing to patient well-being. The Pathology Department aims to provide a quality driven, patient centred service.

This user manual has been prepared for the benefit of our users and employees, in our capacity to provide continuous improvement to our service. Every effort has been made to ensure that the information provided herein is current and accurate. The manual will be subject to regular review and revision. A controlled up to date electronic version of this manual is available on the Saolta Website (saolta.ie/publications), hospital wide in Q-Pulse software, and in a dedicated 'Training' Folder located on desktop computers. Any printed copies are uncontrolled documents.

The manual should be used as a guide only, any queries arising or required in relation to laboratory services should be addressed by directly contacting the relevant laboratory department.

The Pathology Department at the Portiuncula Hospital, Ballinasloe is comprised of the following key disciplines: Blood Transfusion, Clinical Biochemistry, Haematology, Histology and Medical Microbiology.

We are committed to providing the very best service possible, and will where feasible, implement any improvements / suggestions put forward by our users. The laboratory has achieved the quality standard ISO 15189 (Irish National Accreditation Board/Irish Medicines Board) for Blood Transfusion and Haemovigilance. We are currently preparing the remaining departments for the accreditation process.

1.2 Quality Policy Statement

Our Laboratory (including Haemovigilance & Traceability) is committed to good professional practice through Quality & Safety in Testing, Support and Service for good Patient Care.

Our mission is to provide our clients with efficient turnaround times for test results and services, which are of the best possible quality and consistently meet performance and safety criteria.

In order to achieve our quality & safety policy and objectives, our laboratory shall execute tests



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 7 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

efficiently, economically and on time with standards that consistently meet or exceed our client's requirements.

This is accomplished through accreditation to standard ISO 15189 ensuring a continuing program to improve upon operational procedures and systems while striving to supply accurate and exact test results.

Management's responsibility is to provide direct leadership and resources to ensure continued conformance with these requirements. A cornerstone of our laboratory's Quality & Safety Policy is that excellence in the quality & safety of the examinations and client service is the result of collective effort and commitment from all its team members.

In the interest of good Patient Care this laboratory provides a Haemovigilance & Traceability service consistent with EU Directive 2002/98/EC, and the HPRA (formerly IMB) -INAB document - AML-BB (current version) - in relation to Article 14 (Traceability) and Article 15 (Haemovigilance), and applicable INAB Regulations.

All personnel concerned with examination activities are familiar with the quality and safety documentation and implement the policies and procedures at all times. The quality & safety system is under regular review and audit. All employees are invited to suggest possible improvements in working practice to the management.

Testing is influenced primarily by clinical need within the constraints of available resources.

Objective evidence in support of our laboratory's Quality & Safety Policy is the responsibility of the Laboratory Directorate (designated Consultant Clinical Specialist / Laboratory Chief Medical Scientist).

In order to ensure that the needs and requirements of users are met, the Pathology Laboratory incorporating Haemovigilance will:-

- Operate a quality management system to integrate the organisation, procedures, processes and resources.
- Set quality objectives and plans in order to implement this quality policy.
- Ensure that all personnel are familiar with this quality policy to ensure user satisfaction.
- Commit to the health, safety and welfare of all its staff. Visitors to the department will be treated with respect and due consideration will be given to their safety while on site.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 8 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

 Uphold professional values and is committed to good professional practice and conduct.

The Pathology Laboratory incorporating Haemovigilance complies with the International standard ISO 15189 (current edition) and EU Directive 2002/98/EC for the scope of services and tests defined in our scope of accreditation and is committed to:

- Ensuring staff are familiar with this policy and all other policies and procedures relevant to their work.
- Staff recruitment, training, development and retention at all levels to provide a full and effective service to its users.
- The proper procurement and maintenance of such equipment and other resources as are required for the provision of the service.
- The collection, transport and handling of all specimens in such a way as to ensure the correct performance of laboratory examinations.
- The use of examination procedures that will ensure the highest achievable quality of all tests performed.
- Reporting results of examinations in ways which are timely, confidential, accurate and clinically useful.
- The assessment of user satisfaction, in addition to internal audit and external quality assessment, in order to produce continual quality improvement.
- The safe testing, distribution and transfusion of blood, blood components and blood products.
- The traceability of Blood and Blood Components and notification to the National Haemovigilance Office of Near Misses, Serious Adverse Reactions and Events.

The scope of accreditation for the Pathology Laboratory and Haemovigilance at Portiuncula University Hospital is controlled by the Irish National Accreditation Board (INAB) and detailed in Scope Registration Number 202MT on the INAB website www.inab.ie.

Note: Uncertainty of measurement data in relation to individual assays is available to users on request.

1.3 Confidentiality and GDPR



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 9 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

All staff working in the Pathology Department are legally required under the Data Protection Acts to ensure the security and confidentiality of all personal data they collect and process on behalf of service users and employees. Data protection rights apply whether the personal data is held in electronic format or in a manual or paper based form.

It is the responsibility of all staff, as defined in their contract of employment to ensure that all information which they have access to as part of their work is treated in the strictest confidence and protected from, unauthorised access. All Staff are asked to sign a confidentiality agreement during their laboratory induction programme.

HSE Data Protection Policy is available from: https://www.hse.ie/eng/gdpr/hse-data-protection-policy.pdf.

1.4 Complaints and Feedback

The Laboratory has a documented procedure for the management of complaints and compliments. Users of the service may make a complaint/compliment about any aspect of the pathology service to any member of staff. Complaints/compliments may be received verbally, by letter, fax or e-mail. All adverse incidents and near misses should be recorded on the hospital NIMS (National Incident Management system), available as a desktop icon on all hospital PC's.

Alternatively, the complainant may:

- Complete the HSE Leaflet titled 'your service your say'
- Email: yoursay@hse.ie
- Use website comments and complaints facility ww.hse.ie
- Contact HSE information line 1850 241 850
- Use website www.healthcomplaints.ie for more information

All complaints are acknowledged, investigated and responded to within a specified timeframe.

Whenever possible the laboratory shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint, and provide the complainant with the outcome and, if applicable, progress reports.

1.5 Location and Access to Pathology Department

To access the Pathology department from the main entrance of the hospital; turn right past reception and continue down the corridor past the coffee shop and turn left to the lifts / stairs. The laboratory is located on the second floor on the right of the lifts / stairs. Access from accident and emergency is from the lifts / stairs at the end of the corridor behind the waiting area. Access



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 10 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

to Pathology Laboratories is restricted to hospital personnel on related laboratory business via swipe card during lunch hour and outside of normal laboratory hours. Access to Pathology Reception is restricted to hospital personnel at all times via swipe card. GP samples arriving during lunch or out of hours can be left in the GP sample collection box outside the main laboratory entrance.

Postal Address:

Pathology Department

Portiuncula University Hospital

Dunlo,

Ballinasloe,

Co. Galway, H53 T971

1.6 Pathology Department Opening Hours

Department/activity	Opening Hours
Laboratory Office	Monday to Friday
	09:30 - 17:30
Phlebotomy Out-patient Service	Monday to Friday
	09:30am - 17:00
Phlebotomy In-patient Service	Monday to Friday
	07:30 - 10:30
	Saturday and Sunday (Urgent requests only)
	07:30 -10:00
Specimen Reception	Monday - Friday
	08:45 - 17:00



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 11 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Routine Laboratory Diagnostic	Monday to Friday
Service	08:00 - 20:00
Emergency out of hours service	Monday to Saturday
(on call diagnostic service)	20:00 - 08:00
	12:30 Saturday – 08:00 Monday
	Public Holidays 09:00 - 08:00

1.7 Pathology Department Contact Information

Insert (09096) 48 before extension number for direct access from outside the hospital

Table 1 General Pathology Contact Information

General Pathology	Contact Name	Contact
Laboratory Office	Mary O Neill	Ext 8259
Specimen Reception		Ext 8259
Phlebotomy Department		Ext 4615
Laboratory Chief Medical Scientist	Pat Kelly	Ext 8371 PatJ.kelly@hse.ie
Laboratory Quality Manager	Declan Lyons	Ext 4689 <u>Declan.lyons3@hse.ie</u>
Medical Scientist On Call	Rotational	Contact Main Switchboard

Table 2 Biochemistry Contact Information



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 12 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Rita O Hara	
inta o nara	Ext 8264 <u>Rita.OHara@hse.ie</u>
Dr Michael Louw	Contact Main Switchboard
Maura Taaffe	Ext 8219 MauraC.Taaffe@hse.ie

Table 3 Haematology and Blood Transfusion Contact Information

Haematology and Blood Transfusion	Contact Name	Phone/Bleep
		Ext 5160
Consultant Haematologist	Dr. Niamh Keane	Ext 8266
(General Haematology)	(Rotational)	Contact Main Switchboard
Consultant Haematologist (Blood Transfusion)	Dr Amjad Hayat (Rotational)	Ext 8370 <u>Contact Main Switchboard</u>
General Haematology Laboratory Chief Medical Scientist	Paula McMorrow	Ext 8366 Paulam.mcmorrow@hse.ie
General Blood Transfusion Laboratory Senior Medical Scientist	Joan Maloney	Ext 8370 <u>Joan.maloney@hse.ie</u>
Haemovigilance Officer	Helena Roddy	Ext 4535 Bleep 700



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 13 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Table 4 Histopathology Contact Information

Histopathology	Contact Name	Phone/Bleep
Consultant Histopathologist	Dr Suzanne Schneider	Ext 8217
Consultant Histopathologist	Dr Emer Caffrey	Ext 5189
General Histology		Ext 8368
Laboratory	Maria Mc Tigue	Maria.mcTigue@hse.ie
Senior Medical Scientist		
Mortuary		
Mortuary Technician	John Crosby	Ext 8309

Table 5 Microbiology Contact Information

Microbiology	Contact Name	Phone/Bleep
Consultant Microbiologist	Dr Ruth Waldron Dr Dimitar Nashev (Rotational)	Contact via hospital reception switchboard
Specialist Registrar Microbiology		Contact via hospital reception switchboard or 091 544573 / 091 542643
Routine Microbiology Laboratory Chief Medical Scientist	Michelle Flanagan	Ext 4627 / 8369 <u>Michelle.Flanagan@hse.ie</u>
Surveillance Scientist	Gemma Frehill	Ext 4627 / 8369 <u>Gemma.frehill@hse.ie</u>

1.8 Clinical Advisory Services



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 14 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Advice is available on the choice of examinations and the use of the service, including repeat frequency and required type of sample. Where appropriate, interpretation of the results of examinations shall be provided.

Staff grade	Advice available	Contact details
Medical Scientists,	Labelling & specimen requirements	Department phone
Biochemists	Choice of examinations	numbers
	Clinical indications and limitations of examination	
	procedures and interpretation of results	
Clerical Staff	Hours of operation, labelling requirements, deal with	Lab office
	phone queries and provide validated report results.	Ext 8259
Laboratory Aides	Hours of operation, labelling requirements and	Specimen Reception
	specimen acceptance/rejection criteria	Ext 8259
Haemovigilance	Questions relating to the traceability of blood and	Ext 4535
Officer (HVO)	blood products	Bleep 700
Histopathology querie	Histopathology queries refer to a Consultant Pathologist.	
		Schneider Ext 8217
		Dr. Emer Caffrey
		Ext 5189
Clinical Transfusion M	ledicine or Haematology queries refer to the Consultant	Rota and bleep lists
Haematologist.		are available in the
A consultant haemato	ologist is on site in PUH on a Wednesday where they can	transfusion medicine
be contactable via the	e haematology laboratory.	laboratory Ext 8370
	3 ,	
		reception.
Clinical Microbiologica	al or Infection control queries are provided by the	Rota and bleep lists
Specialist Registrar / Consultant Microbiologist on duty.		via hospital reception.
A consultant Microbio	ologist is on site in PUH on a Tuesday where they can be	
contactable via the hospital reception switchboard.		



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 15 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Clinical chemistry/ biochemistry queries are directed to the Principal	Contact Rita O Hara
Biochemist and/or Chemical Pathologist. This includes queries for POCT	Ext 8264.
blood gases or glucose testing	
	Dr Michael Louw
	(Switchboard)

1.9 On Call Service

The service should meet the clinical need for safe patient care, but with this in mind, the necessity to take a sample prior to instituting treatment does not always imply that the result is required urgently.

Before requesting a test to be analysed 'out of hours', a clinician should consider:

- Will the result, whether high, low or normal affect my diagnosis?
- Will the result, if available early, affect treatment?

Emergency samples on-call out of hours service

20:00h - 08.00h weekdays

12:30h (Sat) - 08:00 (Mon) weekend

Laboratory staff are on-site when required during this period. Please make contact with the on-call laboratory personnel via the Hospital Switchboard. Ensure that samples are transported to the laboratory before making contact with the laboratory personnel.

It is essential that requests are restricted to emergency samples only. Where demand is high processing of samples will be prioritised and/or processed in batches

There are 2 Medical Scientists covering the 'out of hours' service at all times.

1.10 Phlebotomy

The Phlebotomy Department is located on the ground floor of Portiuncula University Hospital before the entrance to the Out Patients department (OPD). A Phlebotomy inpatient service is available from 7.30a.m until 10.30p.m Monday to Friday with urgent requests processed Saturday and Sunday mornings 07.00 to 10.00. Outpatient phlebotomy services are available from 09.30 - 17.00 Monday to Friday. For most routine laboratory procedures, consent can be inferred when the patient presents at phlebotomy with a referral request from a doctor and willingly submits to venepuncture. Patients in a hospital bed can refuse venepuncture. Contact Phlebotomy on ext. 4615 for details of the service provided.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 16 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

1.11 General Practice

General Practitioners may send appropriately packaged patient blood specimens by post/courier or they may ask the patients to attend the phlebotomy department with a referral letter.

All specimens or samples directed to the pathology department are required to be packaged and transported in accordance with the European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (UNADR). A delivery service is provided by Westdoc to all GPs in the hospital catchment area on Tuesday and Thursdays each week. Ballinasloe-town based GPs can avail of a twice daily collection and delivery service by a contracted courier.

2.0 Specimen containers, specimen handling and request forms

2.1 Consumable Supplies

Sufficient consumable supplies can be obtained from stores during working hours.

Wards looking for Laboratory supplies can do so between the hours of 9.30 and 17:30 – Monday to Friday only.

The laborator	ry supplies the following:
	☐All tubes for blood collection
	☐ Containers for sputum and mid-stream urines
	Swabs for viral investigations and transport swabs
С	Biopsy vials containing formalin. (Refer to the histology section of this manual for advice on the care necessary with formalin).
	Timed urine collection containers, which may contain no preservative (plain) or 20ml of 0.5M molar hydrochloric acid as necessary for various investigations.
	☐Blood culture bottles
	☐ Collection kits for Chlamydia/Gonorrhoea testing
	Specimen bottles for Quantiferon testing
	☐IQC for glucometers (supplied by Biochemistry dept.)

Pre-filled formalin pots for biopsy/small surgical specimens are available from the Stores Dept (these are <u>not</u> available from laboratory stores)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 17 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

All users must use approved specimen containers & blood collection bottles. In-house – forms can be requisitioned from the hospital supplies department. Specimen containers are available directly from the laboratory.

- ➤ The **BD Vacutainer** system is in use for adult samples.
- > The **BD Microtainer** system is in use for Paediatric FBC & grouping samples.
- > The **Sarstedt S-Monovette** blood collection system is in use for Paediatric samples in Biochemistry & Coagulation Department Portiuncula Hospital.
- > The **Tube Guide Including Order of Draw** is detailed on Appendix 1 of the User Guide.

2.2 The Request Form

The request form forms the basis of the contract between the Pathology Laboratory and its users. Correctly designed and properly completed request forms are essential for the performance of all laboratory tests to the benefit of the patient and the satisfaction of the requesting physician.

A member of nursing staff or medical staff completes the appropriate request form for in house patients. If the test requires a blood specimen, the appropriate request card is sent to Phlebotomy or the phlebotomist is bleeped. If the request is out of these hours, the house doctor or a member of the nursing staff must take the specimen. Administration staff located in phlebotomy complete the appropriate request forms for tests requested on an outpatient or day patient, using a referral letter from the GP or Consultant.

The provision of legible fully completed request form including appropriate clinical details, date & time, contact details / Bleep No., together with a properly collected specimen, allows the laboratory to issue relevant and accurate results.

There are 6 controlled and approved request forms in use:

- Biochemistry (LAB-QR-FORM-042)
- Blood Transfusion (LAB-QR-FORM-031)
- Cord Blood & Post Natal Request Form (LAB-QR-FORM-0138)
- Haematology/Coagulation (LAB-QR-FORM-043)
- Histology and Cytology (LAB-QR-FORM-044)
- Microbiology (LAB-QR-FORM-041)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 18 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

2.3 Specimen Acceptance Criteria

2.3.1 Sample receipt

Samples with request forms received in the laboratory should have the date and time of receipt recorded on the request form.

Specimens are then labelled with a unique laboratory accession number; they are then recorded in the Laboratory Information System linking the unique laboratory accession number to the patient's details provided on the request form.

The **turnaround time** for each test is noted in the **Test Directory** at the end of this document and is defined as the time taken for sample analysis from time of receipt to time authorisation of result

Before accepting a clinical specimen, laboratory staff must ensure that certain minimum criteria for sample identification are met. The responsibility for requesting a laboratory service or test lies with an authorised and trained practitioner (normally a clinician). It is the responsibility of the requester to ensure that samples are correctly labelled and request forms are completed to agreed standards.

The use of Blood Track PDA's for labelling Blood Transfusion sample bottles is mandatory in PUH. Hand held devices are available in all clinical areas. During an emergency situation, where the use of a Bloodtrack PDA is not possible, handwritten specimens may be accepted, provided they conform to the essential requirements listed in table below. Communication with the blood transfusion laboratory is necessary in such cases to allow acceptance of such specimens.

All requests should be submitted by completing the relevant laboratory sample request form(s) and inserting the appropriately labelled specimen into the plastic bag attached to the sample request form. With respect to large samples e.g. 24hr urines and specimens for histopathology, the request card should be appropriately attached to the container.

Requests must arrive within the sample stability for the test(s) being requested (Refer to Test directory in Appendix below)

Large addressograph labels **must not** be used on specimens with the exception of Histology specimens where the use of an addressograph label is recommended. When the printed label is too big it obscures the sample from view and may also cause equipment failure due to jamming of the system.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 19 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

2.4 Essential Identifiers, Desirable Identifiers and Mandatory Requirements

Patient demographics on the request form must be legible, consistent and must match the information on the specimen container.

The following essential information must be documented in a legible manner on the **request form**

If the below mandatory requirements are not met, the sample will be rejected.

Table 6: Requirements for details on request form

REQUEST FORM ISSUES	ACTION
No request form provided with Specimen	Specimen not processed. Repeat Specimen and request form sought, if possible, from the Requestor. Reason for rejection recorded on LIS.
Incorrect or absence of any of the three ESSENTIAL patient identifiers on INTERNAL request forms:- PID Number Full Name Date of Birth Incorrect or absence of any of the three ESSENTIAL patient identifiers on EXTERNAL request forms:-	Specimen not processed. Requestor or location informed. Request rejected and repeat specimen and form requested. Reason for rejection recorded on LIS.
Full Name Date of Birth Full Home Address No signature of the requestor or the specimen taker	If signature of the requestor is deemed essential for processing (departmental requirements may vary), the specimen may not be processed or test results released until form amended.
Specimen type and site, where appropriate, not indicated on Microbiology Request Form.	The requestor or the specimen taker, as appropriate, may amend the request form in the laboratory. The Amendment Report must be signed. Alternatively, PUH staff could be facilitated by sending the Amendment Report Form via chute/porter to the Requestor or Specimen Collector, as appropriate, and asking for a repeat Request Form to be returned with the signed Amendment Report Form to the Laboratory.
Specimen type and site not indicated on Histopathology Request Form (and also not indicated on container).	The appropriate Amendment Report/Deviation from Sample Identification Policy form must be completed by the requestor/ sample collector and/or laboratory staff member. Record event as incident code on LIS. Complete a non-conformance only if a serious sample mislabeling error has occurred.
No date and time collected recorded	The date at a minimum should be confirmed, and if relevant to the test being performed, the collection time should be confirmed with the collector.
Inadequacy or absence of the following details:-	



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 20 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

 Address (In-House samples only) 	If any of the details opposite are absent or incorrect, and deemed necessary
Ward or Location	for processing, they may be sought and added to the form. All information
Gender	added to the original request form should be initialed and dated.
Patient's GP/Consultant	It may be necessary to reject specimens in some cases where this
Clinical Information	information is absent but deemed critical for processing.
Incorrect test requested	A second specimen and form is requested if the details cannot be provided by
No test requested	the requester.

The following essential information must be documented in a legible manner on the **Specimen**.

If the below mandatory requirements are not met, the sample will be rejected.

Table 7: Requirements for details on Specimen

SPECIMEN ISSUES	ACTION
Specimen unlabelled	Specimen not processed, Requestor informed and repeat requested. Reason for rejection recorded on LIS.
No specimen received	Request rejected Requestor informed and repeat requested. Reason for rejection recorded on LIS.
The use of Blood Track PDA's for labelling Blood Transfusion sample bottles is mandatory in PUH. Incorrect or absence of any of the three ESSENTIAL patient identifiers on internal specimens:-	During an emergency situation, where the use of a Bloodtrack PDA is not possible, handwritten specimens may be accepted, provided they conform to the essential requirements listed.
Full NamePID Number / Chart NumberDate of Birth	Requestor informed a second specimen must be collected. Reason for rejection recorded on LIS.
Incorrect or absence of any of the two ESSENTIAL patient identifiers on external specimens:- • Full Name • Date of Birth	If the essential patient identifiers contain minor discrepancies (but there is no doubt as to the identity and provenance of the sample), the sample may be processed once the appropriate Amendment Report/Deviation from Sample Identification Policy form is completed by the requestor/ sample collector and/or laboratory staff member.
Miscellaneous specimen issues as deemed necessary by individual departments.	A second specimen must be collected.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 21 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Reason for rejection recorded on LIS.	

All identifiers must be correct and complete. Specimen tubes must be labeled immediately after they are drawn and must never be pre-labeled.

These criteria for sample acceptance are essential for patient safety and are in place to reduce the risk of potential harm caused by labelling errors. The policy is strictly enforced, and specimens not meeting the minimum criteria will be rejected..

Table 8: Pre-Analytical Quality Issues

Specimen Appearance/ Pre-Analytical Quality Issues	Action
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 The individual Pathology Departments will make a decision on whether or not the specimen is suitable for testing and a second specimen requested as appropriate. Specimen quality issues are recorded on the LIS. The individual laboratories may report results within a multi test profile on analytes unaffected by the specimen quality, while not reporting affected analytes in the profile. If tested or appropriate the report will show the specimen quality issue.
 Presence of inappropriate fixative e.g. cytology specimens should not be added to formalin Cytogenetics samples taken out of hours- must be places on top shelf of Histology laboratory fridge along with request card and consent form 	



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 22 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

 PRESENCE of any fixative for fluids for crystal investigation 	
Incorrect bottle type	

3.0 Transport and Delivery of Specimens

The transport of specimens to the Laboratory must follow UN (UN 3373) regulations and guidelines in order to minimise the risk of infection to those who may come in contact with the specimens e.g. taxi drivers, couriers, postal workers, porters, laboratory staff etc. Consignors of specimens must ensure that packages are prepared in such a manner as to meet the requirements for packaging and transport of biological material by road, rail or post in accordance with the ADR regulations (or any such regulations that may be effected from time to time) and in accordance with any special criteria as required by the laboratory at PUH.

3.1 Internal Transport of Specimens

The transport of specimens to the laboratory is by the use of the portering services or the Pneumatic Air Tube System (PTS)). All samples are delivered directly to the laboratory specimen reception, Mon to Fri 09.00-17.30 with the exception of histology, blood transfusion and samples that require transport on ice e.g. ammonia and lactate samples which should be delivered directly to the relevant laboratory. Out of hours including Saturday and Sunday samples should be sent to the specific department.

To send a sample:

Place the sample in the bag attached to the request form.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 23 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- Seal the bag attached to the request form by removing the strip and folding the bag onto the sticky surface.
- Place the bag in the correct carrier type do not overload
- Dial the station address number and without delay place carrier on the station for dispatch. The station address number is found on the front panel of the Pneumatic tube system.
- Check for any messages on the station. During busy periods there may be a
 delay in the carrier leaving the station. It is the sender of the samples
 responsibility to ensure that the samples have been sent during these periods.

Samples/items that should not be transported by Pneumatic Tube System

- Histology and Cytology Specimens
- CSF samples
- Blood Gas specimens
- Units of blood/ Blood components/ Anti-D

Breakdown

If the pneumatic system fails or is faulty, contact APT direct during routine hours on 01 841 3005 or out of hours 087 2580328 for 24/7 cover.

3.2 Delivery of specimens to PUH from external locations (GP's/HSE)

All specimens or samples directed to the pathology department in PUH are required to be packaged and transported in accordance with the European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (UNADR). A delivery service is provided by Westdoc to all GPs in the hospital catchments area on Tuesday /Thursday each week. Ballinasloetown based GPs can avail of a twice daily collection and delivery service by a contracted courier.

3.3 Referral samples

All referral tests must be sent as soon as possible to the laboratory. Some referral tests require specific storage conditions and are detailed in the Directory of Tests section. If there is any doubt about the taking and storing of referral samples contact the Pathology Laboratory for advice.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 24 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

The Pathology Department prepares and dispatches referrals from both in house and external locations.

All Galway University Hospital (GUH) Laboratory samples are separated out at reception for dispatch daily.

4.0 Processing and Reporting of Test Results

4.1 Turnaround Times

Turnaround time is given as the maximum number of working hours/days between **sample** receipt in the laboratory and the issuing of a report under normal operating conditions.

The turnaround time for individual tests is given under each test heading in the Directory of Tests section of this manual. The target turnaround time for urgent tests is generally shorter where every effort is made to process the samples as soon as possible.

4.2 Urgent Requests

A request is deemed urgent if;

- A phone call is received from clinician/ward staff requesting that it be processed urgently
- The request form is labelled 'Urgent'.
- The individual delivering the sample informs the medical scientist that the sample is Urgent.

Specimens received from the following areas should be prioritised, where possible, even in the absence of any communication as to their urgent status:

- Emergency Dept,
- > ICU/CCU
- St. Therese's/SCBU
- Oncology (Pre-chemo)
- Warfarin clinic (Tuesdays)

4.3 Requesting additional examinations (Test add-ons)

Clinicians may occasionally request a test be added on to an existing sample. Tests may be added to a sample already in the laboratory if the sample is still within allowed stability period and sufficient volume is available (Refer to departmental subsections and test directory in appendix).

A new request form—ideally, it should refer to the lab number on the required sample—must be



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 25 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

sent to the laboratory for all add-on requests; however, processing of add-ons may begin immediately before the request form is received.

4.4 Default Testing

In the event of the absence of a test request from the request form the following default tests will be undertaken:

Department	Default test
Biochemistry	
24hr Urine	Protein
Serum/Plasma sample	U/E
Fluoride oxalate sample	Glucose
Microbiology	
Urine sample	Culture and Sensitivity

4.5 Electronic reporting of results

Laboratory results, once authorised on the Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS), are available on the hospital computer network (WinPath Ward Enquiry) and to general practitioners & out-patient centres registered with Healthlink. Certain results such as HIV testing are suppressed from electronic reporting.

The WinPath Ward Enquiry is password controlled and passwords and training on the use of this facility is available from the hospital IT Department (ext. 8289). Using the Ward Enquiry, results are available for all laboratory departments to ward users.

Healthlink is the name given to the Department of Health and Children funded project which facilitates electronic links to be established between General Practitioners, Hospitals and the HSE, allowing for the timely and secure transfer of patient related administration, clinical data and laboratory reports. Portiuncula University Hospital laboratory reports are transmitted twice daily to Healthlinks (09:50 & 16:50).

For further information contact:

National Healthlink Project



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 26 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Ph. 01 8825606	Fax. 01 8307728	www.healthlink.ie

4.6 Telephoned Results

It is the Laboratory Policy to telephone reports only when results for specific clinical parameters have reached critical values (See departmental sub-sections). Under no circumstances will a result be given to a patient/guardian. For external users, please provide a contact number for phoning urgent results, especially if required after normal surgery hours.

4.7 Faxed Reports

It is the policy of the laboratory **not to fax** reports for reasons of confidentiality of patient results.

4.8 Printed Reports

Printed results are available for departments which require paper reports although the pathology department in PUH try to adopt a paperless policy. Wards such as Maternity, OPD, Paediatrics and certain G.P practices all avail of printed hardcopy reports, which are printed with reference ranges and / or suitable comments whenever appropriate.

The primary report received for tests referred to external laboratories is delivered to the requesting Consultant/ General practitioner as appropriate.

Printed reports are delivered by portering staff to the wards. General practitioner reports are posted daily.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 27 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

5.0 Clinical Biochemistry Department

5.1 Profile

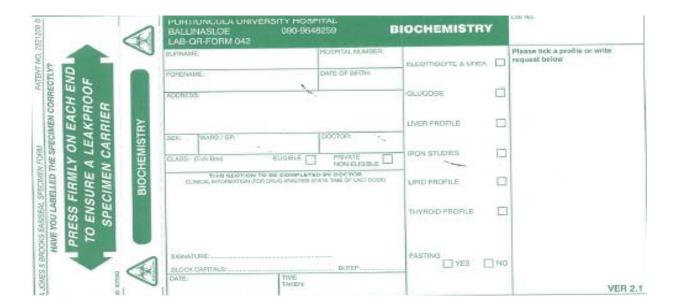
The department provides Clinical Biochemistry and Endocrinology tests, and a comprehensive analytical and interpretative service including assessment of liver function, kidney function, carbohydrate and lipid metabolism, hormones, proteins and enzymes. The Clinical Chemistry Department supports near patient testing in the Hospital, including Blood Gas analysers and Glucometers Cobas IT system

5.2 Clinical Advice and Service

Clinical advice and interpretation is available from the Principal Clinical Biochemist and Chemical Pathologist.

5.3 Biochemistry Request Form

All Biochemistry test requests should be completed on a LAB-QR-FORM-042



5.4 Biochemistry Out-Of-Hours

A detailed list of all tests available out of hours is provided in the section "On Call Emergency test listing". Medical Scientist should be contacted when sending urgent samples Access to out of hour's service for GP's is available but the laboratory must be contacted in advance For external users, please provide a contact number for phoning urgent results, especially if required after



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 28 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

normal surgery hours.

5.5 Turnaround Time For Urgent Specimens

Laboratory requests from the following hospital wards/departments are given priority processing

ICU/CCU	Emergency Department	Oncology
Paediatrics	SCBU	AMAU

Urgent samples from other sources will receive similar priority but consultation with the laboratory is necessary in advance.

Routine turnaround times for all tests (In-house & GP requests) are listed in the test directory section of the User Manual.

Category	Target turnaround time
Urgent Requests (barricor bottle)	1 hour
Priority Requests	2 hour
Routine Requests	1 day

<u>Please note:</u> If an incorrect location or doctor or no contact details is given this may lead to delays in reporting critical results.

5.6 Test Profiles Available

U/E	Sodium, Potassium, Urea, Creatinine, eGFR
	(Chloride & Bicarbonate available on request)
LFT	Alk Phos, GGT, Total Bilirubin, Albumin, ALT, AST
Lipids	Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL, LDL



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 29 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

TFT	Free T4, TSH,
Iron studies	Iron, UIBC, TIBC, Ferritin, Transferrin saturation
Bone Profile	Calcium, Albumin, Phosphate, Alk Phos, Magnesium
Drugs of abuse - urine screen	Amphetamines, Barbiturates, Benzodiazepines, Cocaine, Ecstasy, Methamphetamines, Morphine, Methadone, TCA's, Cannabis
Toxicology Screen - Blood	Ethanol, Salicylate, Paracetamol

5.7 Critical Alert Values

Results falling outside defined critical alert values will be telephoned to the requesting source. In general this protocol refers to unexpected results or the first time the critical alert value has been exceeded.

Test	Less than	Greater than	Conditions*
ALT (U/L)		>1000	
Ammonia (mmol/L)		>100	
Amylase (U/L)		>200	
Bicarbonate (mmol/L)	<15		Not required in dialysis patients
B12 (pg/ml)	<190		Phone first time in an episode
Bilirubin (umol/L)		>300	Newborn, full term (1-5 days)
Calcium (mmol/L)	<1.8	>3.0	Phoning should be based on adjusted calcium when available



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 30 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test	Less than	Greater than	Conditions*
CK (U/L)		>3000 >700	In-patients External patients only
Creatinine (umol/L)		> 200 umol/L	Phone first time in an episode and if value rises by 150 – 200 umol/L from baseline
CRP (mmol/L)		> 300	(Not ICU)
Digoxin (ug/L)		>2.3	Give K+ value also
eGFR (ml/min)		<15	Not required for dialysis patients

Test	Less than	Greater than	Conditions*
F-T4 (pmol/L)	<6.0	> 40.0	
Glucose(mmol/L)	< 2.5	>15 / > 30	Not known diabetic/ Known diabetic
Iron (mmol/L)		>50	
Lithium (mmol/L)		> 1.4	
Lactate (mmol/L)		5.0	Phone first time in an episode.
Magnesium (mmol/L)	< 0.5	>2.0	
Osmolality (serum)		>350	
(osm/kg)		Osm/kg	
Paracetamol (mg/L)			Phone if detectable
Phosphate (mmol/L)	< 0.5		
Potassium	< 3.5	>5.5	CCU patients



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 31 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test	Less than	Greater than	Conditions*	
(mmol/L)	<2.5	> 6.0	All other patients	
(Plasma)	<2.5	<5.6		
Protein/Creatinine Ratio		> 30	ANC/GP pregnant patients	
(mg/mmol)				
Salicylate (mg/L)			Phone if detectable	
Sodium (mmol/L)	< 120	>150		
24hr Urine Protein		> 0.3	ANC/ GP pregnant patients	
(g/24hrs)			All Maternity patients	
Triglyceride (mmol/L)	-	>20		
Troponin T (hs)		> 14	GP and External Users	
(ng/L)		> 100	Inpatients	
TSH (mIU/L)		>50		
Urea (mmol/L)		>50% increase	In 48 hrs (delta check)	
Urate (umol/L)		>500 />1000	Maternity Patients / All Other Patient	

Where a test result is grossly abnormal, laboratory staff will use their professional judgment, and may consider contacting the requesting clinician or doctor on call.

5.8 Add-on Tests

For Biochemistry add-on tests, complete a request card, state "specimen already in lab" and add Biochemistry Laboratory Number if available.

Note 1: These specimens take longer to process as they are not readily accessible.

^{*} unexpected result/ first time the critical alert value is exceed



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 32 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Note 2: Some test requests are not suitable as add-on tests (e.g. Ethanol, CO₂)

5.9. Specimen Retention Policy

Clinical Biochemistry specimens are stored for 1 week at 4 - 8 °c

5.10 Antibiotic Tests

It is imperative that clinical details include information as to whether the sample relates to a Trough or Peak (Gentamicin/Vancomycin).

5.11 Near Patient Testing

Blood gas analysers and glucometers:

Use of the analysers is only permitted following training and password is then issued which is organised by the Clinical Biochemistry Department. If training in the use of any of the Blood Gas analysers is required, please contact the laboratory at ext.8219.

Analysers are located in the following departments:

- Emergency Department (ED 1)
- Respiratory ED (ED 2)
- Intensive Care Department
- Labour Ward,
- St Johns ward
- SCBU

Glucometer Training: training is provided by link nurses in the hospital and after completion of training, users are certified by the Biochemistry Department to use the system

If an unexpected result is obtained, please recheck by using a laboratory method or repeat blood sample.

5.12 24h Urine Collections

Approved containers are available from specimen reception staff in the laboratory. Depending on the test requested the container may require an additive. Please ensure that the identification on the container includes patient's name, DOB, address, MRN (if available), name and source of requesting doctor. After completing the collection, arrange delivery of the container to laboratory



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 33 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

reception accompanied by the laboratory request form.

5.13 BD Barricor Tubes (Ref **365051**)

Tests available on Barricor (light green cap lithium heparin bottles):

- U/E (potassium different reference interval)
- Glucose (if delivery to laboratory immediately)
- LFT's, Amylase, Troponin T, Bone Profile (Calcium, Phosphate, Magnesium, Albumin, Alk Phos), Lipids, LDH, Urate, CRP, Toxicology screen (Paracetamol, Salicylate & Ethanol), CK. proBNP
- HCG, TFT's, PSA, Iron Studies, Oestradiol & Progesterone
- Note 1: Lithium, T. Protein, B12 and Folate *cannot* be analysed on this bottle
- **Note 2:** Referral tests and other tests not listed cannot be analysed on light green capped bottle.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 34 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

6.0 Blood Transfusion Department

6.1 Profile

Blood and blood products are issued from the department for patients in Portiuncula Hospital. The department provides a group and antibody screening service to in-house patients of PUH only, and an antenatal service (including targeted Routine Antenatal Anti-D prophylaxis) to Department of Obstetrics & Gynaecology and to Consultants in private practice. The service is not available directly to general practice.

A Haemovigilance service is also available in Portiuncula University Hospital. Haemovigilance is a set of surveillance procedures from the collection of blood and its components to the follow-up of recipients. In addition, haemovigilance is used to collect and assess information on unexpected or undesirable effects resulting from the therapeutic use of labile blood products, and to prevent their occurrence or recurrence.

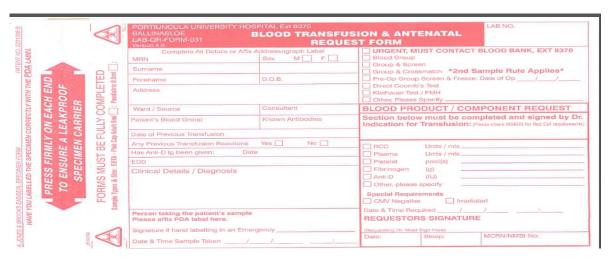
The role of the Haemovigilance Officer is to implement and maintain blood transfusion guidelines, facilitate continuous education of clinical staff and to investigate undesirable effects of transfusion.

6.2 Clinical Advice and Service

Clinical support from a Consultant Haematologist in GUH is available. Refer to Section 1.6 Clinical advisory services.

6.3 Transfusion Request Forms

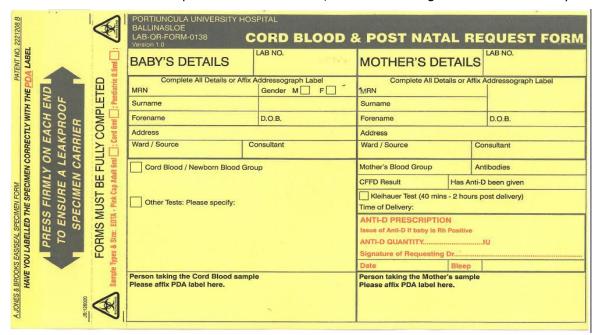
There are two request forms in use for the Blood Transfusion department. All group and screen test requests, along with blood and blood component orders, must use **LAB-QR-FORM-031**:





TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 35 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

There is a Cord blood & postnatal request form **(LAB-QR-FORM-0138)** to be used post-delivery for Rhesus negative mothers in Portiuncula Hospital. This form accompanies a new process whereby mother and baby (cord blood) will now be patient linked on Winpath. The form also facilitates users to complete an Anti-D prescription request in the event of a Rhesus positive baby, and allows the user to request a kleihauer test, while recording the time of delivery.



6.4 Transfusion Out-Of-Hours

Routine Requests for **Group & Screen** are treated as follows:

- ABO and Rhesus D grouped.
- Antibody screen performed.

Blood is not crossmatched for patients in this instance. Additional examinations may be requested on stored samples, if sample age is appropriate.

For safety reasons and where possible, blood transfusions should only be given during normal working hours and non-urgent requests for blood or products should be limited to the laboratory routine working hours. Crossmatched blood will be held in the Blood Transfusion laboratory fridge for **72 hours, or shorter, depending on blood stock levels.** It will then be automatically returned to stock unless notification to 'hold' the blood is received from a Medical Officer. It is important for the efficient use of blood that the laboratory be informed of the cancellation of a blood order as early as possible. Under normal circumstances and where no problems are encountered, a group and crossmatch may take up to 4 hours from receipt of the specimen.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 36 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

6.5 Test Profiles and Turnaround times

Test/Product	Sample Required	Maximum Turn Around Time URGENT*	Maximum Turn Around Time
Group & Antibody Screen	6mL EDTA KE	Inpatient – 4 hours** Outpatient – 24 hours	
Neonatal Group	Cord Sample: 6mL EDTA KE Venous Sample: 2.5mL EDTA KE	30 minutes	4 hours
Direct Coombs Test	Performed on Group & Antibody Screen or Neonatal Group sample	30 minutes	4 hours
Red Cell Units	Performed on Group & Antibody Screen sample (sample valid for crossmatch for 7 days if stored @ 4.C and patient has not been transfused or pregnant within preceding 3 months)	Uncrossmatched - 10 mins** Crossmatched - 1 hour** See section 6.7	4 hours**
Paedipack	Neonatal Group sample required if patient has not previously been grouped twice	3 Hours if new require	d**



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 37 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test/Product	Sample Required	Maximum Turn Around Time URGENT*	Maximum Turn Around Time ROUTINE
Platelets	Group & Antibody Screen or Group (if Neonate) sample is required if patient has not previously been grouped	10 minutes# if Good (Emergency O Rh Positive are stored on-site and cawithin 10 m	e/ A positive Platelets an be made available ninutes)
Plasma (Octaplas)	Group & Antibody Screen or Group (if Neonate) sample is required if patient has not previously been grouped	40 minutes#	1 hour#
Fibrinogen	No sample required	20 minu	ıtes
	Group & Antibody Screen sample is	1 hour#	4 hours
Anti-D Issue	required unless a sample has been processed within the previous 7 days	NB: Anti-D only issued during routine hours and on Sat & Sun mornings	
Coagulation Factor Products	No sample required	20 minutes	2 hours
Antibody Identification	6mL EDTA KE	Depending on antibody status	Inpatient 4 hours (longer if sample has to be referred to IBTS) Outpatient 24 hours



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 38 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test/Product	Sample Required	Maximum Turn Around Time URGENT*	Maximum Turn Around Time
Red Cell Phenotyping	Performed on Group & Antibody Screen or Neonatal Group sample	1 hour	4 hours
Antibody Titration	Performed on Group & Antibody Screen sample	5 – 7 days Referred to: IBTS, National Blood Centre	
Post Natal FMH Estimation	6mL EDTA KE 40mins - 2 hours after delivery	72 ho Processed Monda & Friday. Reporte	y, Wednesday
Transfusion Reaction Investigation	6mL EDTA KE Contact Laboratory on 8370 for full list of requirements or refer to HVO documents	Depending on type of reaction	
HLA typing Platelet Antibodies Foetal Genotyping	Referred to: IBTS, National Blood Cen		-
Anti-D Quantitation Anti-c Quantitation	6mL EDTA KE	5 - 7 c	•

^{*}Urgent requests must be phoned to the laboratory

Please note that grossly haemolysed samples are unsuitable for Transfusion testing NB. The TAT quoted above are the target maximum TAT. However, please be aware that the

^{**} Depending on antibody status: 5 – 7 days if Referred to IBTS, National Blood Centre.

^{*}Turn Around Time may be up to 1 hour longer if patient has not previously been grouped or (for Anti-D issue) antibody screen has not been performed in previous 72 hours



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 39 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

quoted TAT may not always be met if a large amount of multiple products are ordered simultaneously, particularly during the on-call period. Please contact the Blood Bank Laboratory on extension 8370 or through on-call switch to determine the estimated time of availability of blood products for a particular patient.

6.6 Critical Limits

The clinician or the ward will be contacted if there is a delay in the turnaround time of the test. If there is difficulty in crossmatching blood for a patient due to red cell antibodies, or if there is to be an unexpected delay in the supply of blood for whatever reason, the clinician will also be contacted. It is imperative that contact details are recorded on the request form.

6.7 Specimen and Request Form Labelling Requirements

The following sample labelling criteria are based on guidelines that were released by The British Committee for Standards in Haematology (BCSH) and are universally applied in most laboratories.

Please note: The use of Blood Track PDA's for labelling Blood Transfusion sample bottles is mandatory in PUH. The BloodTrack system PDA is used to generate labels which are used to label the sample and for placing on the bottom left hand side of the request form, in the 'person taking the patient's sample' section, where they serve as the collectors electronic signature.

In exceptional cases where it is not possible to use the Blood Track PDA device, patient details may **be hand-written on the sample.** legibly and preferably in block capitals using a black ballpoint pen and completed immediately after sampling while still at the patient's side. The following information should be recorded on the sample tube:

- Surname and forename (in full)
- Patient's Identification number (PID)
- Ward
- Gender
- Date of birth
- Date and time the sample was drawn
- Signature of person drawing the sample (the signature confirms positive verification of the patient's identity)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 40 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

6.7.1 Completing The Request Form And Sample Labelling

A current Blood Transfusion and Ante Natal Request Form should be completed. An addressograph label is acceptable on the request form. **If Essential information denoted by* is not provided the sample will not be processed.**

- Patient's *identification Number (PID)
- Patient's ***Full Name** (Surname, Forename)
- Patient's *Date of Birth
- Patient's *Gender
- Patient's *Location (Hospital Ward / Outpatient / Private Consulting room).
- Electronic Signature* of the person who draws the sample a Blood Track PDA label* printed at the bedside at the time of venepuncture and placed on the left hand side of the form is deemed to be the Signature of the person who drew the sample (See Figure 1 below). During an emergency situation a handwritten *signature of the person who draws the sample is acceptable on the left hand side of request form.
- Date and time of sample collection is provided on the Blood Track PDA label. During an emergency situation a handwritten. Date and Time of sample collection are acceptable on the right hand side of the request form.
- Examination(s) required
- Relevant clinical information appropriate to the test(s) requested must be supplied e.g.
 antenatal history, blood transfusion history etc



Figure 1

Telephone requests are accepted in emergency situations only, and must be followed up by a written request.

6.7.2 Labelling at Patient's bedside:

The pre-transfusion sample must be taken by a Registered Nurse/ Doctor/ Phlebotomist who has



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 41 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

received training in pre-transfusion sampling and venepuncture.

Minimum transfusion standards demand the patient must have an identity band in place at all times recording the patient's unique identifier, surname, forename and date of birth. In the event of removal of the identity band e.g. to access a blood vessel, it is the responsibility of the person who removes the identity band to ensure that a new identity band is applied.

Patient Preparation, venepuncture technique and consent shall be as outlined in the Portiuncula University Hospital Venepuncture policy, available on the hospital Q-Pulse. An educational Venepuncture module is available on www.hseland.ie and is also provided by the on- site education of staff in Venepuncture and Cannulation courses for Portiuncula University Hospital.

Prior to sampling, the patient must be positively identified by asking him/her to state their full name and date of birth and crosschecking this against the full name, date of birth and patient's Board Number on their identity band. Do not ask patient to confirm their details e.g. 'Are you Mr. X?' The patient's wristband details should be cross-checked against the Blood Transfusion Request form demographics. If the patient is confused or unconscious confirm details with staff treating the patient.

The blood sampling procedure should then be carried out according to the Hospital Venepuncture Policy.

6.7.3 Using Bloodtrack PDA Devices:

The BloodTrack® System is used in PUH to track blood and blood products from receipt in the Laboratory through issue to the clinical area and transfusion to the patient. It enhances patient safety, aids in efficient workflow (single nurse checking) and creates a centralised electronic transfusion record. Verification of transfusion is performed on the ward by either using the BloodTrack PDAs (where the information is automatically transferred to the LIS for blood and platelets) or by the manual completion of the Transfusion Verification Record section of the compatibility label which is then detached and returned to the Blood Transfusion Laboratory for completion of the fating process. The BloodTrack PDAs are the preferred mode of electronically managing the recording of transfusions in MUH

All transactions on the PDA should be performed by tapping on the appropriate option using the stylus attached to the PDA.

Tap **collect samples** on the main menu of the PDA.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 42 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Scan the barcode on your staff ID badge by pointing the scanner at the barcode and pressing one of the yellow buttons on the PDA. An audible beep will sound when the barcode is successfully scanned.

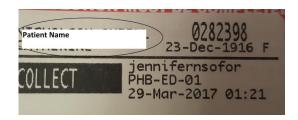
Scan the 2D barcode on the patient's wristband - the patient demographics will display on the PDA screen. Once confirmed, tap *next*.

The reminders list will then display. Once all reminders have been completed tick each one to select and tap *next*.

Print the sample collection label. The number of labels to print defaults to 2, however you may print up to 5 labels. Select the desired number of labels and tap *print*.

Place one label on the sample bottle aligning it with the current sample label (so not to obscure the window or expiry date). See Figure 1 (Copy) Below.

Figure 1 (Copy)



Place second label on left hand side of the request form as outlined on Pages 24/25 above – write contact number.

The labels will contain the patient demographics, the identity of the sampler and date/time of sampling – hence you will not be required to write on the sample bottle.

Sample collection labels are only valid at the time of venepuncture – if you generate extra labels discard them.

6.7.4 Add-On Requests



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 43 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

If on sending a specimen for testing and **further additional testing** is required, please contact the Blood Transfusion laboratory (ext. 8370) to investigate the feasibility of using the initial sample for analysis as age of sample may impact on the validity of test results. Ideally, a request form should accompany such a request but the lack of the request form should not impede the processing of an urgent request.

6.8 Requesting Blood and Blood Components

When blood components/products are required in an **EMERGENCY** please inform Blood Bank Laboratory (Ext 8370, go through Switch for on-call) and advise staff on the emergency situation and the degree of urgency. Please ensure you are familiar with the Acute massive Blood loss protocol

A correctly completed request form must follow telephone requests. Emergency blood is available for adults and neonates (Contact lab to ascertain availability) in Specimen Reception fridge in the laboratory for immediate use.

The blood bank must be informed immediately if the emergency flying squad units are taken.

A written signed request form (signed on the right hand side) must be received for all blood components/products. It is the requestor's responsibility to ensure that all appropriate information e.g. special transfusion requirements are detailed on the request form.

6.8.1 Second sample policy for Transfusion

To comply with the BCSH guidelines, the Blood Transfusion department will require 2 samples for ABO/D grouping prior to the issue of red cells or other components. The confirmatory sample **must** be taken as a separate venepuncture from the initial sample, ideally by a different sample taker. Therefore, if there is no historical blood group a 2nd sample will be required in order to provide group specific red cells. In this scenario, the Blood Transfusion department aims to issue a report to all clinicians with the following report:

"Please note that this is the 1st Blood Group sample received for this patient. Should she/he require the issue of red cells or other components please send an additional request form and



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 44 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

sample from a new phlebotomy episode > 30minutes after the 1st sample for confirmation testing.

EMERGENCY SITUATIONS contact Blood Bank, Ext 8370

6.8.2 Red Cell Concentrates (RCCs)

Blood is crossmatched for adults on receipt of a sample and written signed request form. A sample is valid for cross-match for 7 days if stored @ 4°C and patient has not been transfused or pregnant within preceding 3 months. Patient must have been grouped previously, otherwise another group and screen sample is required (at least 30 mins after first phlebotomy) to confirm the patients group. If additional blood is required a repeat sample is required if patient is > 72 hours post transfusion.

Two units of O Rh D Negative, C, E and Kell Negative, CMV negative red cells are available in the Issue Fridge in the laboratory Specimen Reception at all times. These units should only be used in an emergency scenario where the clinician cannot wait for the issue of group specific red cells (Uncrossmatched – approx. 10 mins/ Crossmatched – 1 hour).

The laboratory must be notified when the O Negative red cells are required.

Note: O Rh negative uncrossmatched blood may cause a transfusion reaction if the patient has existing antibodies.

Depending on availability, there may also be one O Rh D Negative red cell NeoNatal Unit (NNU) available in the Issue Fridge.

A Medical Doctor must make requests for uncrossmatched blood.

Crossmatches for patients with circulating **antibodies** to red cell antigens can take a considerable amount of time. The Blood Transfusion Laboratory will inform the appropriate medical staff if this situation should arise.

6.8.3 Paedipacks

Paedipacks (5 X 50mL splits) can be requested for babies on receipt of a written signed request form if baby is already grouped twice. Maternal samples for antibody screening will be requested if one has not already been received. The first split of the paedipack must be transfused on day of request. The remaining splits are stored in the blood bank laboratory and are immediately available on request until expiry date except where irradiated blood is required.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 45 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

6.8.4 Platelets:

Platelets can be requested for all patients who have already been grouped twice on the receipt of a written signed request form. Emergency O Rh/A Rh Positive Platelets are stored on-site and can be made available within 10 minutes from receipt of request. Please note, these platelets cannot be used for all patients (depending on group) and so platelets may have to be requested from IBTS. For first time request of > 1 pool of platelets, it is advised that clinicians seek haematology advice from GUH before proceeding. Please allow 3 Hours in this scenario.

6.8.5 Frozen Plasma:

When Frozen Plasma (SD Plasma i.e. Octaplas®) is required, the Laboratory should be notified at least 30 minutes in advance, as it must be thawed at 37°C for this time. The patient's blood group must also be known. The Blood Transfusion request form should be completed and sent to the Blood Transfusion Laboratory.

6.8.6 Anti-D immunoglobulin (Ig):

To comply with the BCSH guidelines, the Blood Transfusion department will require a current sample (sample < 7 days old) in order to issue Anti-D to Rh Negative women. Issue of Anti-D Ig can be requested on receipt of a signed request form. In addition, please ensure to request a kleihauer test (FMH) in the case of an antenatal patient who has suffered a sensitising event > 20weeks gestation. Refer to Section 6.9 and the guidelines for further information.

Postnatal: Anti-D IgG is issued routinely to all RhD-negative mothers who have RhD-positive babies.

Please note when Anti-D is issued for patients it will be returned to stock if it is not used within this time frame and a fresh Group & Screen sample will be required.

Anti-D only issued during routine hours and on Sat & Sun mornings

6.8.7 Blood Derivatives (Albumin, Elocta, Alprolix, Novoseven®, Prothrombin Complex (Praxbind), Riastap,, Wilate®,)

Blood derivatives are issued on a named patient basis only. Patient details on the general Blood Transfusion form should include the Name, DOB, Board Number and Consultant. It must be signed by the requesting Medical Officer. It is preferable that a historical blood group is on file and if not, a fresh sample for group and screen is advised to accompany the request. Requests for Elocta,



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 46 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Alprolix®, Wilate® and Praxbind require Consultant Haematologist oversight.

6.8.8 Transport of Blood with a Patient to an External Location

If blood is required for transport with a patient contact the laboratory with details of the departure time. The laboratory staff will place the blood in the transport box and will ensure that all of the appropriate paperwork is available for the transport. This should be checked by the clinical staff member who is travelling with the patient prior to the box being closed.

If the blood is transfused on route to the external location the verification slip must be completed as if the transfusion occurs within PUH.

Any blood transported should be sent to the receiving location's Blood Transfusion laboratory as soon as possible after arrival. If this is not possible then the blood should be returned to PUH. Please notify blood bank laboratory when returning blood.

6.8.9 Haemovigilance Procedures and Guidelines

Prescription of Blood Components/Products

See Blood Component / Product Prescription & Transfusion Record **PHB-HV-FORM-052**, available in clinical areas and on Q-Pulse.

Maximum Blood Ordering Schedule

The hospital's Maximum Surgical Blood Order Schedule should be utilized when ordering Red Cells for elective surgical procedures.

See **LAB-QR-0147** Maximum Surgical Blood Order Schedule (MSBOS), available in clinical areas and on Q-Pulse.

Guideline for Anti-D administration to Rh-D Negative Women and Estimation of Fetomaternal Haemorrhage

See **PHB-HV-FORM-063** Portiuncula University Hospital Anti-D Prescription & Administration Checklist

LAB-EXT-TG-0123: Institute of Obs & Gyn RCPI: The Use Of Anti-D Immunoglobin For The Prevention Of Rhd Haemolytic Disease Of The Newborn

LAB-EXT-TG-0124: BCSH guideline for the use of anti-D immunoglobulin for the prevention of



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 47 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

haemolytic disease of the fetus and newborn, both available in clinical areas and on Q-Pulse.

Management of Acute Massive Haemorrhage

See **PHB-HV-CP-050**: Management of Acute Massive Blood Loss, available in all clinical areas and on Q-Pulse.

Management of Acute Transfusion Reaction

See PHB-HV-FORM-053 Record & Report Form for Suspected Transfusion Reaction/Event

See **PHB-HV-CP-006** Management of Suspected Serious Adverse Transfusion Reactions in the Clinical Area

6.9 Fetal Maternal Haemorrhage Investigations by Kleihauer-Betke Test (KBT)

FMH estimation should be carried out:

- 1. If an Rh (D) negative woman gives birth to a Rh (D) positive infant
- 2. Following a sensitising event if the pregnancy is > 20 weeks gestation. Sensitising events include:

☐ Termination of pregnancy
☐ Abdominal trauma
☐ Amniocentesis
☐ Antepartum haemorrhage
☐ Chorionic villous sampling
☐ Cordocentesis (fetal blood sampling)
□ Delivery
☐ Ectopic pregnancy
☐ Fetal manipulation
☐ Intrauterine fetal death
☐ Miscarriage
□ Stillbirth.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 48 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Refer to the Protocol for Therapeutic Use of Anti-D Immunoglobulin (Ig) to prevent Rhesus (D) immunisation of Rhesus (D) Negative women who experience Sensitising Events, HV/CP/017.

6.10 Management Of Transfusion Reactions

Refer to the Haemovigilance Document **PHB-HV-CP-006**: Management Of Serious Adverse Transfusion Reactions in the clinical area for the list of criteria defining a suspected transfusion reaction. Contact the medical scientist in blood transfusion as soon as any reaction is suspected.

Send the blood pack, giving set and all appropriate samples (incl. biochemistry & microbiology samples) and request forms to the Blood Transfusion laboratory. Suspected transfusion reactions cannot be investigated if all the required samples are not received.

Ensure the following are sent from the clinical area:

- ➤ A fully completed PHB-HV-FORM-053 form
- Post-transfusion EDTA sample of recipient's blood.
- > Residue of the donor blood together with the blood transfusion giving set.
- Any urine passed before, during or after transfusion.
- Other blood samples may also be sent e.g. FBC, U&E, IgG
- Blood cultures.

Please advise the Blood Transfusion laboratory as to the type of reaction which is suspected. If any of the following reactions are suspected the Blood Transfusion Laboratory needs to inform the IBTS immediately:

- Immunological Haemolysis
- Bacterial Reaction
- Transfusion Associated Acute Lung Injury



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 49 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

7.0 Haematology Department

7.1 Profile

The department provides Clinical haematology tests, and a comprehensive analytical and interpretative service including assessment of anaemia, haemostasis and coagulation, infection and inflammation, preliminary leukaemia analysis, HbA1c and blood borne parasitology investigation. The Haematology Department supports the RAID clinic in conjunction with the Nursing department in providing warfarin therapy.

The Haematology Department provides a routine service to the hospital and to general practitioners. In addition a referral service for more specialised tests is provided.

7.2 Clinical Advice and Service

A consultant haematologist is on site in PUH on Wednesdays where s/he can be contactable via the haematology laboratory. Outside of this time or where it is deemed to be urgent in nature, clinical advisory service is provided by the Haematologist on call service through GUH switchboard.

Out of hours, the first point of contact will be between the Registrar in PUH and the Registrar oncall in GUH (contacted through the switchboard in GUH). Where direct consultant input is required, this may be requested directly by the consultant in PUH via GUH switchboard. Consultant Advisory service will be requested by the requesting consultant.

Urgent abnormal Paediatric Blood Films are referred to the Haematology service at Our Lady's Hospital for Sick Children (OLHSC).

Urgent abnormal Adult Blood Films are referred to the Haematology service at Galway University Hospital (GUH) Hospital.

Urgent blood films may be referred by PUH laboratory direct to the Haematology Registrar on-call and/or Consultant in GUH or OLHSC after case discussion with a registrar or consultant. For first presentation of these urgent cases, an FBC report should accompany the blood film. A sample for Flow Cytometry (EDTA –FBC) may also be required. PUH will provide relevant clinical details and ensure prompt delivery to GUH/OLHSC in cases of:

- Suspected new leukaemia
- Severe thrombocytopenia; Platelets <20 x 109/L (non haem/oncology or likely chemo effects)

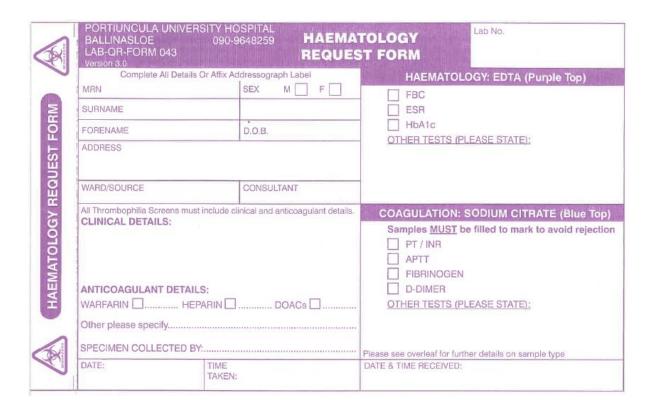


TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 50 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- Haemolytic episode (e.g presence of red cell fragments, spherocytes, and polychromasia when suspecting TTP/HUS/HELLP.
- Any film a Medical Scientist feels warrants urgent review by a Haematologist.

7.3 Haematology Request Forms

All Haematology test requests should be completed on a LAB-QR-FORM-043



7.4 Test Profiles

The following list of tests is performed routinely within the laboratory:

- Full Blood count
- Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)
- Reticulocyte count (Retic)
- Blood Film



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 51 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- Malaria Screen
- Sickle Cell Screen
- Haemoglobin A1c (HbA1c)
- Prothrombin Time (PT) / INR
- APTT
- Fibrinogen
- D-dimers

7.5 Haematology Out-Of-Hours

The following is a list of tests performed on-call:

- Full Blood count
- Reticulocyte count (Retic)
- Malaria Screen
- Sickle Cell Screen
- Prothrombin Time (PT) / INR
- APTT
- Fibrinogen
- D-dimers

If any of the other tests not listed are required to be performed on-call, the laboratory must first be contacted and the requirements discussed.

Some tests may be performed only after prior arrangement with the laboratory. Where doubt exists the laboratory should be consulted.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 52 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

7.6 Turnaround Times

Test	Turnaround Times	Turnaround Times
	(Routine)*	(Urgent/Out-of-Hours)
FBC/Diff	4 hours	1.5 hour
Reticulocyte count	4 hours	N/A
ESR	18 hours	N/A
Blood Film	3 days	N/A
Sickle cell screen	4 hours	N/A
Malaria screen	4 hours	4 hours
Coagulation Screen (incl. Fibrinogen)	4 hours	1.5 hour
D-dimers	4 hours	1.5 hour
HbA1c	2-4 working days	N/A

^{*}Refers to in-house patients. Test Requests from External locations are processed as soon as practicable and generally within 24 hours of receipt during Routine Hours

Laboratory requests from the following hospital wards/departments are given priority processing:

ICU/CCU	Emergency Department	Oncology
Paediatrics	SCBU	AMAU

Urgent requests from departments other than stated above must be notified directly to the laboratory by phone if required to be processed as a priority.

Urgent films (Clinical Details of suspected Leukaemia/ Haemolytic Anaemia/ ITP/ TTP) will be viewed as soon as possible after discussion with the requesting Medical Officer.

For external users, please provide a contact number for phoning urgent results, especially if required after normal surgery hours.

7.7 Reference Ranges

The Haematology references ranges are age and sex related, as appropriate and will appear as part of the hardcopy or electronically available report.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 53 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

7.8 Critical Alert values

Results falling outside defined critical limits will be telephoned to the requesting source.

Parameter	Result	Comments
	< 8 g/dL	First time presentation
Haemoglobin	>18 g/dL	First time presentation
	<12 g/dL	For neonate (0-4weeks)on first presentation
Platelets	<100 x10 ^{9/} L	First time presentation, with film check
riaciets	>800 x10 ^{9/} L	First time presentation
	<2.0 x10 ^{9/} L	First time presentation
WBC	>30.0 x10 ^{9/} L	First time presentation
	>20.0 x10 ^{9/} L	GP only, unless history known
Neutrophils	<1.0 x10 ^{9/} L	First time presentation
Sickle Screen	Positive	When patient is going to or has a likelihood of going theatre
Malaria	Positive	Provide parasitaemia if P. falciparum is detected
	Blast cells	First time presentation
Blood Films		
	Suspected TTP/HUS/HELLP	The presence of schistocytes >1.0%
Coagulation		
INR	> 5.0	All
PT	>20seconds	No anticoagulant therapy
APTT	>50seconds	No anticoagulant therapy
Fibrinogen	<1.5g/L	All
D-dimer	D-dimer >500µg/L	Thrombotic event
Rejected Samples		GP INR requests and urgent specimens

Unsuitable samples, unexpected results or suspicion of sample mislabelling are all brought to the attention of the ward or medical team



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 54 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

7.9 Add-on Tests

If additional tests are required on samples sent to the laboratory, please contact the laboratory to ensure that the sample is still valid for analysis to prevent delay in the sample processing. It is important to send a new request form with the patient's details for all add-on requests.

7.10 Specimen Retention Policy

Routine full blood count and coagulation samples will be stored for one week at room temperature. If additional tests are required on samples sent to the laboratory, please contact the laboratory to ensure that the sample is still valid for analysis to prevent delay in the sample processing.

7.11 Test Stability and limitations Associated with Test Methodology

Test Method	Associated Limitations
FBC/Diff	Clotted samples will not be analysed.
	 After 24 hours, WBC differential and red cell indices are affected by EDTA changes, therefore a differential will not be provided on samples greater than 24 hours old. Sample greater than 72 hours old will only have the Hb reported.
	 Ensure samples are not taken from a drip site as this result in dilution of the sample.
	 In cases of platelet clumping special sample bottles (thromboexact) are available upon request. For use in platelet counting only.
	 Lipaemic samples will result in falsely reduced Hb levels
Reticulocyte Count	FBC sample valid for 24hours only
ESR	Clotted samples will not be analysed.
	 The ESR should be performed within 4 hours of phlebotomy or within 24 hrs if kept at 4°C, provided it is prewarmed to room temperature before testing Leaving the sample at room temperature for more



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 55 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

	than 4 hours may cause the red cells to become spherical and inhibit rouleaux formation resulting in false low ESR.
	Sickle Cell anaemia, Hb CC and spherocytosis cause a falsely reduced ESR result.
	 The presence of anaemia invalidates the ESR as a tool for monitoring disease process since anaemia itself increases the ESR.
Sickle cell screen	 Erythrocytosis, hyperglobulinemia, extreme leukocytosis or hyperlipidemia could result in false positives results.
	 False positives or false negatives may occur in patients with severe anaemia
	False negatives may occur in infants under six months of age due to elevated levels of Haemoglobin F.
	 Patients with a recent blood transfusion will not be tested as the transfused blood will interfere with the test methodology.
	 Positive results may occur in patients with some rare sickling haemoglobin subtypes such as Haemoglobin C Harlem or Haemoglobin C Georgetown.
	 Confirmatory method is required for all positive results
Malaria screen	Blood films should be made within 2 hours because morphological alteration of parasites occurs with storage in EDTA
	 Rapid diagnostic tests (RDTs) for malarial antigen cannot replace microscopy but are indicated as a supplementary test when malaria diagnosis is performed by relatively inexperienced staff.
	Malaria RDTs are negative in babesiosis
Coagulation Tests	Clotted samples will not be analysed.
(PT/INR, APTT, Fibrinogen and D- dimers)	 Sample volume is critical, and under-filled samples will not be processed.
	 PT/INR samples are valid for 18 hours post sample collection, do not refrigerate the sample.
	APTT samples must be tested within 4 hours of



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 56 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

	sample collection, do not refrigerate the sample.
	 Fibrinogen samples must be tested with 8 hours of sample collection, do not refrigerate the sample.
	 Trisodium citrate samples received from patients who have a haematocrit greater than 55% may demonstrate spuriously prolonged PT and APTT results
	 Patients on unfractionated heparin must have the sample tested within 1.5hrs after sample taking. Failure to adhere to this limitation will result in falsely reduced APTT values.
	 Heparin contamination will result in prolonged APTT and fibrinogen results.
	 D-dimer samples must be tested within 8 hours from the time of sample collection.
	 Presence of Rheumatoid arthritis factor may result in falsely elevated D-dimer results.
HbA1c	Sample is stable for 3 days @ RT and 7 days at 4°C
	 The presence of a haemoglobin variant can render the use of HbA_{1c} unreliable and misleading. HbA_{1c} may be increased or decreased, due to interference caused by the haemoglobin variant in the analytical procedure.
	 Clinical & analytical interferences can affect the HbA1c values
	Reduced red cell survival will affect the HbA1c value



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 57 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

8.0 Histopathology Department

8.1 Profile

The aim of the Department is to provide a high quality diagnostic service to meet National and EU objectives of reducing the incidence of cancer through early detection and appropriate service delivery, and also to provide a high quality non-cancer related diagnostic service.

Histopathology provides a diagnostic and consultative service to clinicians and indirectly to their patients. The Department receives processes and reports on tissue specimens that result from Surgical, Medical, Obstetrics and Gynaecology and General Practice. This list is not complete. The service works closely with clinical and radiological services to provide best practice patient care for diagnosis of disease and patient management.

The Department provides Routine Histology, Immunohistochemistry and Non-Gynaecological Cytology services. This service is provided by a Consultant Pathologist, Medical Scientists and Clerical personnel. The department aims to provide a comprehensive, effective and high quality service and to support the on-going education and training of scientific staff.

8.2 Clinical Advice and Service

The Histopathology department has two Consultant Pathologists on site. Advice relating to histopathology sections, autopsies or results may be sought by contacting Ext 8217 or Ext 5189 during routine hours.

Unexpected results are communicated to the requesting Consultant by the Consultant Histopathologist.

8.3 Histopathology/Cytology Request Form

All Histopathology and Cytology requests should be completed on a LAB-QR-FORM-044



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 58 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

BALLINASLOE LAB-QR-FORM 04	090-964	8259 HISTOLOG	iY .
SURNAME:		HOSPITAL NUMBER:	NATURE/SITE OF SPECIMENS
FORENAME:		DATE OF BIRTH:	
ADDRESS:			
SEX: WARD / GP;		DOCTOR:	
CLASS:- (Tick Box)	ELIGIBLE	PRIVATE NON-ELIGIBLE	
		CLINICAL DETAILS:	
SIGNATURE:		BLEE	P

8.4.1 Routine Histopathological Examinations

Specimens: Specimens should be submitted intact and should not be dissected in the theatre as this may prevent proper gross examination in the laboratory and may interfere with the selection of appropriate tissue sections for microscopy.

Containers: Pre-filled 60ml and 250ml containers containing neutral buffered formalin are available from stores for use in theatre, endoscopy, A&E and OPD. Specimen containers for larger specimens ranging from 500ml to 5 litres are available from the Histology Department between 9am and 5pm Monday to Friday. Buffered formalin for use in theatre is available from the Histopathology Laboratory Ext 8368.

Ensure that the container selected is large enough to allow the specimen to be immersed in at least twice its own volume of buffered formalin. The container (not the lid) must be clearly labelled with the patient's full name, date of birth, hospital number specimen and anatomical site. This is particularly important in Histology where specimens may be multipart or left or right etc. All specimens received must be accompanied with a legible request form containing patient's full name, hospital number, specimen type, anatomical location, clinical details and the requesting clinician's signature and bleep number. Failure to submit essential information will result in the non-acceptance of the specimen and will cause unnecessary delays in issuing reports.

8.4.2 Cytology Samples



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 59 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Fluid specimens for cytology e.g. BALs, urines, ascitic fluid, ovarian cyst fluid etc. should be placed in an appropriately sized specimen container and delivered directly to the Histology laboratory as soon as possible, where scientific staff will add an appropriate volume of fixative. In the absence of a Medical Scientist in the Histology laboratory, cytology samples should be placed on the top shelf of the Histology laboratory fridge to preserve the sample. Brushings e.g. bronchial, biliary and gastric should be immersed in CytoLyt fixative (available from stores) for optimal preservation, ensuring that the brush containing the material is fully immersed in the fixative to prevent artefact which could hinder interpretation.

8.4.3 Cytogenetics

Cytogenetics: Products of conception where the criteria have been met for cytogenetic testing must be sent to the Histology laboratory as follows:

- A piece of placenta/POC no greater than 2cm x 1cm x 1cm should be submitted to the Laboratory in specialised Biopsy Transport medium/HAMS fluid (available from top shelf Histology fridge). The inner and outer containers should both be labelled with patient sample labels or addressographs.
- Histology request card must be fully completed along with a labelled and completed
 Eurofins Biomnis consent form signed by both patient and clinician.

If applicable a separate request card and sample in formalin container can also be submitted for routine Histology

8.5 Autopsy

The Autopsy Service involves the examination of the body after death primarily to establish the cause of death. It may be used in rare cases to examine the extent of disease, disease progression or the response to treatment. All bodies of persons dying in Portiuncula Hospital, Ballinasloe are initially transferred to the mortuary, even if no autopsy is indicated. Funeral arrangements should not be finalised and the bodies cannot be released from the mortuary until the mortuary staff are sure that an autopsy will or will not be required. Please contact the mortuary (ext 8390) as soon as possible after all deaths to clarify whether an autopsy will be requested.

1) Coroner's autopsies include the following:

When a patient dies or is brought in dead, the Coroner must be contacted if:

Death occurred suddenly or unexpectedly



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 60 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- Death occurred from an unnatural cause (e.g. accident, burns, drug overdose),
 irrespective of the duration between injury and death.
- Death occurred form an unknown or uncertain cause.
- Death occurred during or soon after a procedure or operation
- Death occurred within 24 hours of admission
- The body will be removed from the State
- There is any question of negligence
- The patient dies during transfer from one institute to another.
- A doctor has not seen the deceased during his last illness or for one month prior to death
- Confirmed, suspected or possible Covid-19 related deaths

If a Coroner's case is suspected, do not ask the next of kin for consent for an autopsy until after you have clarified the situation with the Coroner.

IF IN DOUBT CONTACT THE CORONER.

If the Coroner takes jurisdiction of the case, consent is not required from the next of kin. In addition to contacting the Coroner, the Consultant Pathologist must be notified and provided with any available details on the case. The body must be officially identified with a member of the Garda and next of kin/doctor who knew the deceased.

2) Inpatient Post Mortem Checklist: (Coroner's Case)

The Consultant or Registrar speaks to the relatives of the deceased and informs them about the necessity for a post-mortem examination and why the Coroner needs to be involved. The Consultant or Registrar discusses the autopsy with the next of kin explaining in detail what the examination entails. A copy of the information leaflet re: post-mortem examination and the hospital bereavement booklet are given to the family.

The Coroner is then contacted by the Consultant or Registrar giving him/her details about the death. The Consultant Pathologist is contacted and given details of the death and to perform the post mortem with the consent of the Coroner.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 61 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

The case notes, together with the clinical summary of the case, are sent to the Pathologist prior to the post mortem examination. The Checklist for deceased patients with or suspected of infection with Covid-19 is completed if applicable, and placed in the pouch of the body bag and a copy is inserted in the patient's chart. The Garda are contacted and asked to come to the mortuary for the formal identification with the person who knew the deceased. The Pastoral Care Team is informed. The deceased is prepared in accordance with the hospital policy for transfer to the mortuary. The family/next of kin can contact the mortuary department directly (ext. 8309) to find out the expected time of release of the body do that they may make necessary funeral arrangements.

3) Coroner's Post-Mortems brought in from the Community:

The Garda is to inform the Mortuary Department prior to bringing in bodies for a Coroner's postmortem. The Garda is to accompany the body to the mortuary. Details to be filled into the mortuary register, post-mortem register and organ retention register. The deceased clothing, jewellery or valuables are recorded in the patient's property book in the presence of the Garda. The Pathologist is contacted for formal identification with the Garda. If late at night the Garda is requested to attend the mortuary the following morning for identification. (Time arranged to suit both Garda & Pathologist) The deceased is prepared in accordance with hospital policy for postmortem examination. If organs need to be retained for further examination the Coroner is informed and the Bereavement Officer so as to inform the next of kin.

4) House Autopsies:

The autopsy request and consent form should be completed, after consent to a post-mortem examination has been granted by the next of kin. A brief clinical history with a clinical diagnosis and a list of questions to be answered should be included. The deaths should always be discussed with the Consultant Pathologist ahead of time. The patient's chart must accompany the body to the Mortuary.

5) Foetus Post-mortem:

Post - 16 week Foetus.

The protocol is as for a mature baby i.e. fully informed written consent of the parents for postmortem examination is required.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 62 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Pre - 16 week Foetus.

Where a pre-viable foetus remains, however small, and is recognised following delivery, a special protocol must be followed. For full details of protocol contact the Pastoral Care Team Ext 8275

If post-mortem is not required, a visual examination by a Consultant Pathologist can be organised by prior arrangement with the Histopathology laboratory ext. 8368. Any queries relating to bereavement loss protocols can be directed to the Bereavement Midwife, ext 5147, bleep 174.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 63 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

9.0 Medical Microbiology Department

9.1 Profile

The department provides a comprehensive range of bacteriological and serological/virology tests services to Portiuncula Hospital, and to primary care services within our catchment area.

9.2 Clinical Advice and Service

A consultant Microbiologist is on site in PUH on Tuesdays where they can be contacted via the main reception switchboard. Outside of this time or where it is deemed to be urgent in nature, clinical advisory service is provided by the Microbiologist on call service through Portiuncula switchboard.

9.3 Microbiology Request Form

All Microbiology test requests should be completed on a LAB-QR-FORM-041

PORTIUNCI BALLINASL	JLA UNIVERS	ITY HOSPIT 090-96482		CROBIOLOGY
LAB-QR-FO		030 30402		3113B13E3G1
SURNAME:		H	OSPITAL NUMBER:	SPECIMEN TYPE (please tick)
FORENAME:		D/	ATE OF BIRTH:	URINE:- ☐ MSU ☐ CSU ☐ BAG ☐ CLEAN CATCH ☐ SPA
				BLOOD:- ☐ BLOOD CULTURE ☐ WHOLE BLOOD (SEROLOGY)
ADDRESS:				☐ SPUTUM ☐ FAECES
				SWAB/PUS:- (STATE SITE)
ory. Iwano	100	l s	2000	FLUID:- (STATE SITE)
SEX: WARD	/ GP:		OCTOR:	OTHER:- (STATE SITE)
CLASS:- (Tick Bo	×) E	ELIGIBLE	PRIVATE NON-ELIGIBLE	GENERAL BACTERIOLOGY: TEST REQUIRED (please tick)
CLINICAL DETAIL	S:			C/S Other (state):
				SEROLOGY:
				TESTS REQUESTED
ANTIBIOTIC DETA	AILS:			
SIGNATURE:				
	S:		BLEEP:	
DATE:		TIME TAKEN:		
				VER 2.1

9.4 Test Profiles

The following is a list of samples that are tested routinely within the laboratory:

- Blood Cultures
- CSF
- Faeces



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 64 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- Fluids
- Sputum / Respiratory samples
- Swabs for bacterial examination (c/s)
- Nasopharyngeal swabs for viral examination (Influenza, RSV and SARS-CoV-2 etc)
- Tissues

9.5 Microbiology Out-Of-Hours

- <u>Blood cultures:</u> received in the laboratory out of hours are processed by on-call personnel. Positive cultures may be referred to GUH for subculture and gram stain examination if time appropriate.
- <u>Cerobrospinal fluids:</u> (CSFs) specimens are processed out of hours but the on-call staff must be contacted as soon as the request has been forwarded to the laboratory.
- <u>Covid-19 Swabs:</u> On Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holidays, a run of all in-house urgent swabs is performed at 10.00 a.m. and again at 19.00 p.m.
- <u>Urine microscopy & culture:</u> is available on a restricted basis and the laboratory on-call personnel must be contacted if testing is required.

9.6 Guidelines for Requesting Microbiology Tests

The Department of Medical Microbiology should also be contacted before any exceptionally urgent or specialised investigation is requested.

In all cases where a test result is considered urgent the medical practitioner making the request or other responsible medical practitioner should contact the laboratory in advance of specimen submission if possible or after a reasonable interval to ensure that the specimen has been received and that he/she receives the result.

9.6.1 Specimen Retention

Additional examinations may be requested during specimen storage time by telephoning the Department. Rejected specimens are also retained as per the following retention times.

Specimen	Retention Time
Blood Cultures	1 week @ 33 - 38°C
CSF's	>3 months @ -30°C



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 65 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Faeces	1 week @ 2 - 8°C
Fluids	4 weeks @ 2 - 8°C
Respiratory specimens for culture	1 week @ 2 - 8°C
SARS-CoV-2 specimens	1 week @ 2 - 8°C
Swabs	1 week @ 2 - 8°C
Tissue	4 week @ 2 - 8°C
Urines	1 week @ 2 - 8°C
Normally Sterile site	>1 month @ -20 °C

9.6.2 Unsuitable Specimens and Additional Examinations

In the event of a specimen being unsuitable for processing or where there is an analytical failure, the clinician will be informed by phone or in writing or electronically through the LIS. If additional laboratory testing is required by the clinician on a sample previously received, please contact the laboratory to investigate the feasibility of using the initial specimen for analysis.

9.6.3 General Collection and Transport Guidelines

Where possible, collect specimen prior to the administration of antimicrobial therapy.

Collect specimen with as little contamination from indigenous microbial flora as possible to ensure that the specimen will be representative of the infective site.

Collect specimen using sterile equipment and aseptic technique to prevent introduction of foreign microorganisms.

Collect an adequate amount of specimen. Inadequate amounts may yield false-negative results.

Most specimens collected with a swab and transported dry are unacceptable.

Identify the specimen source and / or specific site correctly so that proper culture media will be selected during processing in the laboratory. Special requests such as *Diphtheria*, *Actinomyces*, *Nocardia* etc should be noted on the request form.

If members of the public are asked to collect their own or another person's sample and to take sample to the laboratory instructions should be given regarding how and when to collect the sample and deliver the samples to the laboratory in timely manner. In particular they should be reminded to put the correct collection dates on both the specimen and the request form.

Specimens should be transported as soon as possible. If processing is delayed, refrigeration is preferable to storage at ambient temperature, with the following exceptions:



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 66 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Bloods Cultures - hold at room temperature to await transport by chute/porter.

These should be on a monitored system within 4 hours.

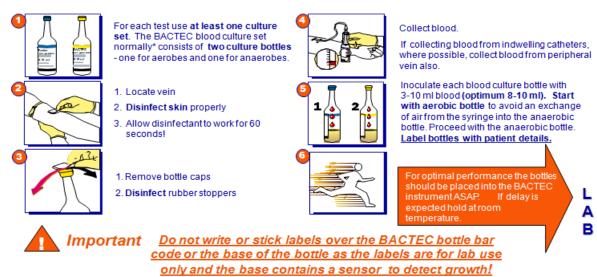
CSF - deliver immediately by hand to a Medical Scientist in the department Specimens, which are difficult to replace (e.g. spinal fluid) should be given directly to one of the medical or scientific staff of the Department to minimise risk of delay or loss.

Do not submit CSF, or respiratory specimens to the laboratory via the "chute" transport system.

Where there is a suspicion of Brucellosis or other Hazard Group 3 pathogen, it is essential that this be indicated clearly on the request form.

9.6.4 Blood Cultures

BD BACTEC Blood Culture System QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE



* For advice on the use of special media for Mycobacteria/Fungi please contact Microbiology

Only take Blood Cultures when there is a clinical need to do so.

Always make a fresh stab

Do not collect blood from existing lines/cannulae or take blood from above a peripheral IV line. If a central line is in-situ, cultures may be collected from this and also from a separate peripheral site.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 67 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Avoid femoral vein puncture where possible in view of difficulty in cleaning/disinfecting the skin adequately at this site.

Thoroughly disinfect the skin before inserting the needle

Identify a suitable venepuncture site before skin disinfection.

Thoroughly clean the patient'sskin before venepuncture.

Use soap and water to clean the visibly soiled skin and then clean your own hands.

Use 2% chlorhexidine in 70% isopropyl alcohol impregnated swab to disinfect the patient's skin and allow to dry.

Once disinfected, don't touch the skin again

To avoid contamination from the collector's fingers (even if gloved), do not palpate the site after it has been disinfected.

Disinfect the culture bottle cap before transferring the sample

Remove the plastic cover just before collection the sample – the top will be clean but not sterile. Disinfect the tops of the culture bottles with a 2% chlorhexidine in 70% isopropyl alcohol impregnated swab. Allow the alcohol to fully evaporate before inoculating the bottle.

If collection blood for other tests, always inoculate the blood culture first.

NB. The use of blood collection adapter caps without winged blood collection sets is not recommended. It is not possible to accurately judge sample volume and there is potential for possible backflow of blood culture medium into the patient's vein.

Ensure adequate volume of blood

Generally the higher the volume of blood cultured the higher the yield of blood cultures.

Kit Preparation

Label bottles with appropriate patient information. Ensure the barcodes on the bottles are not covered by additional labels, and that any tear-off barcode labels are not removed.

9.6.5 CSF Specimens

Collect the CSF into three 25ml sterile universal containers labelled 1, 2 and 3. A 4th separate sample in a darkened sterile container i.e. covered with tin foil (minimum volume of 1ml) is required for xanthochromia testing. Notify the Haematology Department that a



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 68 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

CSF is on the way.

CSF for xanthochromia is referred to Beaumont Laboratory for testing, available: Monday to Friday

PCR for meningococcal investigation can be processed on CSF samples or an EDTA sample, send to Microbiology laboratory for referral with referral form to the Irish Meningitis & Sepsis Reference Laboratory (IMSRL).

Normal Leucocyte CSF values

Neonates (less 28 days)	0 - 30 cells x 10 ₆ /L
Infants (1-12 months)	0 - 15 cells x 10 ₆ /L
Children / Adults (1 year +)	0 - 5 cells x 10 ₆ /L

These values represent the upper and lower limits of normality. Bacterial or viral infection may still need to be considered where leucocyte counts are near the upper normal limits in neonates and young children.

9.6.6 Enteric Samples (Faeces)

All samples must be submitted to the laboratory in a clean sterile laboratory-approved specimen container with an appropriately completed laboratory request form. The optimal time of collection of specimens should be as soon as possible after onset of illness. Molecular assays for enteric pathogens are intended for use with liquid/loose stool samples submitted from symptomatic patients. Formed stool samples are not suitable for testing and are rejected.

In-patient (excluding ED, Paeds, and Maternity, patients <3 days in hospital but including nursing homes and district hospitals) stools are examined for *C. difficile toxin* DNA only. *C. difficile* assay testing is also performed on request from out-patient clinicians and **on all liquid stool** samples received from the community. Children < 2 years are not processed for *Clostridium difficile*.

If specific testing for additional pathogens is required please telephone the Department of Medical Microbiology as soon as possible indicating the specific additional testing you wish to request. All other faeces specimens are examined for *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, *Campylobacter*, Verotoxin / Shiga toxin producing *E. coli*, *Cryptosporidium Spp.* and



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 69 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Giardia DNA. Culture of *Yersinia spp.* and *Vibrio spp.* are performed on Consultant Microbiologist request only when relevant clinical details are provided.

Screening in relation to test of clearance or contacts of outbreaks for VTEC, *Salmonella*, *Shigella* and *Campylobacter* is done using routine culture methods rather than molecular methods. *Rotavirus* and *Adenovirus* are tested for in specimens from children aged less than 5 years of age. Samples for culture are referred to Microbiology Laboratory GUH to be processed.

If a patient has a sample processed for *C. difficile* toxin B gene or VTEC, Campylobacter, *Salmonella, Shigella, Cryptosporidium* or *Giardia* in the previous six days this sample is rejected.

Ova & Parasite testing other than *Giardia* and *Cryptosporidium*: **This test is restricted to patients with relevant clinical details.** Sample is referred out to School Of Tropical Medicine, Liverpool.

H. pylori antigen testing is available for patients, Stool samples should be submitted within 24 hours of collection for best results.

9.6.7 Fluids for Culture and Sensitivity

Please state sample type on request form, collect fluid into sterile plain (white cap) universal.

Send separate samples and request forms for C&S, TB and Cytology.

Send fluid in EDTA (FBC) bottle for Cell count on Haematology form to Haematology Laboratory.

9.6.8 Sputum and TB Specimens

Sputa specimens that are older than 48 hours are unsuitable for routine culture and may be rejected. The Department of Medical Microbiology does not routinely accept more than three sputum specimens for Mycobacterium culture in a single episode of illness (taken on 3 consecutive days). Please contact the laboratory if additional specimens are required in a specific case. Early morning urines are not validated to be processed by Mycobacterium culture and may only be processed in consultation with a Consultant Microbiologist. Requests for TB are referred to Medical Microbiology Laboratory in GUH for processing.

9.6.9 Swabs for Culture and Sensitivity

Use a transport swab containing suitable transport media for the investigation requested. Dry swabs are unsuitable.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 70 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

9.6.10 Swabs for Viral Investigation

SARS CoV-2, Influenza A/B and RSV are processed on site at 8am, 2pm and 7pm on weekdays, 10am & 7pm on weekends and Bank holiday (Note exact times are subject to change). Swab of nasopharyngeal in 3ml COPAN UTM [swabs available from Microbiology Dept.]. If delay of >8hours in reaching Microbiology lab then must refrigerate @ 2-8°C.

All other Viral requests are referred to National Virus Reference Laboratory, please refer to Test directory for correct sample type for specific viral test to be processed. Contact the Microbiology department for more information if required.

9.6.11 Tissues

Please state sample type on request form, collect tissue into sterile plain (white cap) universal (without addition of any fluid).

Send separate samples and request forms for C&S, TB and Cytology

9.6.12 Urine Samples

Urine microscopy and culture are performed routinely on all urine samples.

Urine specimens that are received in plain universal containers that are older than 48 hours or urine specimens that are received in boric acid containers and are more than 96 hours old are unsuitable for culture and will be rejected.

Urine requests on underfilled Boric acid containers will be rejected.

9.6.13 Dermatophyte Culture - Collection and Transport

Only use Dermatological transportation packs, 'Dermapak' available from the Microbiology Laboratory.

Nails: Disinfect area with 70% alcohol. Scrape. Clip infected areas. Collect debris under nail. Do not send whole nail.

Skin: Disinfect area with 70% alcohol. Scrape surface of skin at margin of lesion.

Hair: With forceps collect 10 to 12 hairs with shaft intact, as well as much loose skin

9.7 Referrals

The Microbiology Laboratory in PUH prepare samples for referral to External laboratories for processing:

National Virus Reference Laboratory (NVRL)

[&]quot;Viral screen" is unsuitable test request for processing and will be rejected.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 71 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- Irish Meningitis & Sepsis Reference Laboratory (IMSRL)
- Genetic testing:
 - o Department of Clinical Genetic's, Children's Health Ireland, Crumlin
 - Eurofins Biomnis
 - o Guy's Hospital, London
- Galway Immunology Laboratory
- Galway Microbiology Laboratory
- Galway Virology Laboratory
- Eurofins Biomnis

The Department of Medical Microbiology may consult with Consultant Microbiologist on duty before any exceptionally urgent or specialised investigation is referred.

9.8 Turnaround Times

Turnaround time is defined as the time from receipt of specimen in the laboratory until the result is reported either by LIS (Laboratory Information System) or by phone. Turnaround times are quoted in the alphabetical test directory and are intended as a guide which we will endeavour to meet. If further work is required, the turnaround times may be extended by one or more days.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 72 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025





Portiuncula University Hospital (PUH) Test Directory and Order of Draw





TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 73 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Appendix 1: Test Directory and Order of Draw (Adult Tubes)

Order			
Of	Blood Culture	Volume	Instructions
Draw			mod decions
1.		8 -10ml	** BLOOD CULTURES MUST BE COLLECTED FIRST ** BLOOD CULTURE BOTTLE MUST BE UPRIGHT DURING COLLECTION
	Hemogard™ Closure & Tube Content		All BD Vacutainer® tubes require immediate mixing following collection Do not over or underfill any tube. Do not shake tubes.
2.	Sodium Citrate	2.7ml	Do NOT UNDERFILL. Mix sample GENTLY 4-5 times to prevent clotting.
3.	Plain	6mI	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to allow uniform clotting.
4.	SST	8.5ml 3.5ml	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to allow uniform clotting.
5.	Lithium Heparin	4.5ml	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to prevent clotting.
6.	PSTII	6mI	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to prevent clotting.
7.	EDTA	3ml 10ml	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to prevent clotting.
8.	EDTA	6ml	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to prevent clotting. Blood Bank Request Forms require Witness and Collector signatures. Tube/s must be signed by the Collector and full patient information written on. Any mismatch or omission will require recollection. No exceptions.
9.	Fluoride Oxlate	4ml 2ml	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to prevent clotting.
10.	Seditainer	1.6ml	Mix sample GENTLY 8-10 times to prevent clotting. Fill to marked line.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 74 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Appendix 2: Test Directory and Order of Draw (Paediatric Tubes)



Blood Culture bottles must be upright during collection



2nd clotting

Mix sample by gently x 5 to prevent



Serum-Gel (Clotting Activator)

In addition to the beads, this S-Monovette® contains a polyacrylic ester gel that, due to its density, forms a stable separating layer between the blood clot and the serum during centrifugation and serves as a barrier during sample transport and storage. Compliance with the recommended storage conditions will keep most parameters stable for up to 48 hours.

3RD



U+E, LEFT'S, TFT'S, AMINO ACIDS, ACYL CARNITINE, OESTRIDOL, ALBUMIN, ALK PHOSPHATASE, AMIODASONE, CYTOGENETICS, BILE ACID PROFILE, BILIRUBIN, RENIN, C-PEPTIDE, DI-HYDROTESTOSTERONE, HOMOCYSTENE, GLUCAGON

4...

5th



Glucose Determination (Fluoride)

The S-Monovette® for glucose determination con

The S-Monovette® for glucose determination contains fluoride (1.0 mg/ml blood) as a glycolysis inhibitor and EDTA (1.2 mg/ml blood) as an anticoagulant in a liquid preparation. The glucose concentration in the sample is stabilised for a period of 24 hours.

6th



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 75 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Appendix 3: Test Directory and Order of Draw

Test: 17 Hydroxy(OH)-Progesterone <1 year old

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Paed Serum bottle

Comment: Send to Laboratory immediately. Child must be >2days old before test sample is taken.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: 17 Hydroxy(OH)-Progesterone >1 year old

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Laboratory immediately

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: 24 hr Bence Jones Proteins

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Container

Turnaround: 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: 5-HIAA

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 24 hour acidified urine collection

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Abdominal fluid

Comment: see Body Fluids - Cytology and Microbiology

Test: ACR (Albumin / Creatinine Ratio)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: Plain random urine specimen

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: ACTH

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle
Comment: Send immediately to laboratory

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 76 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time (APTT)

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Activated Protein C Resistance (APC-R)

Comment: see Thrombophilia screen

Test: Adenovirus/Rotavirus Antigen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to Medical Microbiology, GUH

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Comment: Test routinely performed on children < 5 years old

Turnaround: 3 working day

Report: Adenovirus / Rotavirus detected / not detected

Test: Adrenaline/ Noradrenaline/plasma metanephrine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory on ice patient fasting cannulated and supine for 30 minse

Turnaround: 2 -3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Alanine Amino Transferase (ALT)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Albumin (Serum)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold)/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Albumin (Urine)/ Microalbumin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: Urine in a Plain Universal Container, no Preservative

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Albumin/Creatinine ratio

Comment: See ACR

Test: Alcohol (Ethanol) - Urine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: Urine in a Plain Universal Container, no Preservative

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: On report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 77 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Alcohol (Ethanol) -Serum

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: not normally detected.

Test: Aldosterone

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry referred test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Please provide clinical/antihypertensive medication details. State time on bottle and send to

Biochemistry lab immediately. Contact Bio lab for protocol.

Turnaround: 2 Weeks

Test: Alkaline Phosphatase (Alk Phos)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Alpha Fetoprotein (AFP)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to: Clinical Biochemistry GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle.

Comment: If requested with general biochemistry tests, please send a second sample for AFP.

Turnaround: 1 week

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Alpha-1-Antitrypsin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to Immunology, GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Alpha-l-iduronidase

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 2 x 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle and 5 ml fresh urine (Monday –Thursday am only)

Comment: Please give clinical details

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Alpha-Gliadin Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to Immunology GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Amikacin



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 78 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Specify time specimen collected indicating Peak or Trough

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Amino Acids

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to Metabolic Laboratory, Children's University Hospital,

Temple St., Dublin 1

Comment: Please state full clinical details and reason for request, Temple St request form required also

Specimen: 6ml LH (Lithium Heparin – Green) bottle only.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Ammonia

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Place specimen on ice and transport immediately. Contact Biochemistry Ext 8219

Turnaround: 1 Hours Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Amylase

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Amylase - Urine 24hr

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 24hr urine collection, no additive.

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Androstendione

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti- Liver, Kidney, Microsomal Antibodies



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 79 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Acetylcholine (ACh) Receptor Antibodies

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Antibody Screen

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Turnaround: 4 Hours during routine times (may be longer in cases of complex antibodies)

Ref. Range: Negative/Positive for irregular antibodies.

Test: Antibody Titration

Laboratory Blood Transfusion: Referred to: IBTS, Dublin.

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Turnaround: 5-7 days Ref. Range: N/A.

Test: Anti-Cardiolipin Antibodies

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-CCP

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Centromere Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-D Quantification

Laboratory Blood Transfusion: Referred to: IBTS, Dublin.

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Ref. Range: N/A.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 80 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Anti-dsDNA Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-ENA Screen (Extractable Nuclear Antigens: Sm / RNP/ Ro / La / Scl-70 / Jo-1)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Endomysial Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Factor Xa (Low M.W. Heparin Assay)

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to Haematology GUH

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Comment: Requests should be received in the laboratory within 1 hour of phlebotomy and should

be taken 2 - 4 hrs post-dose. State time and type of last heparin dose on request form.

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Gastric Parietal Cell Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Anti-Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM) Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase (GAD) Antibodies

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test immunology GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Insulin Antibodies

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 81 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Islet Cell Antibodies

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibodies (ANCA)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Nuclear Antibody (ANA)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Phospholipid Antibody

Comment: see Anti-cardiolipin Antibodies

Test: Anti-Platelet Antibodies

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion: Referred to; HLA Laboratory, IBTS, Dublin

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Comment: A range of samples is required and a special request form has to be completed.

Transfusion Dept. (ext. 8370) must be contacted in advance.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Reticulin Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Anti-Thrombin

Comment: see Thrombophillia Screen

Test: Anti-Thyroid Peroxidase (TPO) Antibodies

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 82 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: APCR

Comment: see Thrombophillia Screen

Test: Ascitic fluid

Comment: see Body Fluids Cytology and Microbiology

Test: Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 6ml LH (Lithium Heparin – Green) bottle **only.**

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab. Immediately Protect from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Aspartate Amino Transferase (AST)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle
Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: Male: 0 - 40 U/L Female: 0 - 32 U/L

Test: Aspergillus Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Available only in specific circumstances - contact Microbiology ext. 369

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Auto Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Select specific antibody test/s pending clinical picture. Relevant clinical details are

required

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Avian Precipitants (Bird Fanciers Disease)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: B12

Comment: see Vitamin B12

Test: Bence-Jones Proteins (Urine Free Light Chains Screen)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 83 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Specimen: Early morning sample preferred. 24h urine for quantification and disease monitoring or

minimum 20ml for screening. Plain container no preservatives

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Benzodiazepine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Comment: See Toxicology Screen (Urine)

Test: Beta-2-Microglobulin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to: Immunology GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Beta-HCG (Serum) Quantitative

Comment: see HCG Total

Test: Beta-Hydroxy-Butyric Acid

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Fluoride Oxalate for (Paeds)

Adult 5ml plasma or serum

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Bicarbonate

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry or Blood Gas analyser

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle not available as add on test

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Bile Acids

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Bilirubin-Conjugated

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Bilirubin-Total

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor Bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 84 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Biotinidase

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 6ml LH (Lithium Heparin – Green) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Blood Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: 8.0 - 10.0 mL in BacT/ALERT SA Aerobic and SN anaerobic bottles. Up to 4.0mL in the

Paediatric BacT/ALERT PF Plus bottle for paediatric samples.

Comment: Deliver directly to Laboratory.

Turnaround: 5days (interim report after 48hrs.)

Ref. Range: any growth

Test: Blood Film

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA bottle (Purple). Blood Film will be made, examined and reported on

patients FBC reports which satisfy the criteria for indications for blood film examination.

Turnaround: 1 Day Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Blood Gases

Specimen: Blood in a heparinised syringe / capillary tube

Comment: Blood Gas instruments are located in ICU / ED / Labour ward/St Johns Ward

Turnaround: N/A

Test: Blood Group

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle/ Paediatric EDTA 1.0mg BD Microtainer

Turnaround: 4 hours during routine times

Report: Blood Group

Test: Blood Group/Crossmatch

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Turnaround: 4 hours (Refer to Urgent times in Blood Transfusion section with respect to Crossmatch)

Report: Blood Group & Crossmatched units

Test: Body Fluids - Microbiology (Pleural, Peritoneal, Pericardial, Abdominal, Ascites, Aspirates,

Effusions)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Collect 10 - 20ml specimens in sterile container (no additional fluid)

Comment: Indicate type of primary specimen and site of origin

Turnaround: 2-4 working days

Report: Culture with sensitivities, if appropriate



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 85 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Body Fluids - Haematology

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: Collect fluid in 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: for morphology comment refer to Body Fluids - cytology

Turnaround 2 hours

Test: Bone Marrow Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: 1-3ml Paediatric blood culture bottle.

Turnaround: 1 week

Report: any significant isolate and sensitivities if indicated

Test: Bone Profile (Calcium, Albumin, Alk phos, Magnesium)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor
Comment: see individual test profiles for further information.
Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: see individual test profiles

Test: Bordetella Pertussis (Whooping cough)- culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Medical Microbiology, GUH.

Specimen: Pernasal swab (available from Medical Microbiology)

Comment: Contact laboratory (ext 8369) prior to swabbing to arrange testing at GUH.

Turnaround: 2 weeks

Ref. Range: Culture positive or negative

Test: Bordetella Pertussis Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: referred to Atypical Pneumonia Unit, London

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Available in only very specific cases and following prior arrangement with a Consultant

Microbiologist

Report: Refer to report

Test: Borrelia burgdorferi antibodies (Lyme Disease)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 Weeks

Report: Positive / Negative

Test: Brain Natriuretic Peptide (BNP)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry:

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround1 day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Broncho Alveolar Lavage (BAL) Fluid- culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Specimen in sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 86 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 3 working days for routine culture, 6-7 weeks for Mycobacteria culture

Report: Culture with sensitivities, if appropriate, as well as Microscopy and culture for

Mycobacterium

Test: Brucella Abortus Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to Biomnis Ireland, Dublin

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Comment: Restricted testing. Appropriate clinical details and advance contact with the laboratory

is necessary

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: C1 Esterase Inhibitor

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: CA 125

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 2 x 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: If requested with general biochemistry tests, please send a second sample for CA 125

Turnaround: 1 Week

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: CA 15-3

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 2 x 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: If requested with general biochemistry tests, please send a second sample for CA 15-3

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: CA19-9

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 2 x 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: If requested with general biochemistry tests, please send a second sample for CA 19-9

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Calcitonin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately to be frozen

Turnaround: 1-3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Calcium

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 87 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Calcium (Urinary 24hr)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 24 hour urine collection, acidified container

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cannabis

Comment: see Toxicology screen (Urine)

Test: Carbamazepine (Tegretol)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Carbon Monoxide

Comment: see Carboxyhaemoglobin

Test: Carboxyhaemoglobin

Laboratory: Blood Gas analyser

Specimen: Blood in a heparinised syringe
Comment: Test available on Blood Gas analysers

Ref. Range: on instrument printout

Test: Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: If requested with general biochemistry tests, please send a second sample for CEA

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Carbapenemase Producing Enterbacteriaceae Screen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Rectal Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 2-3 Working days Report: CPE isolated/Not isolated

Test: Carnitine, Acetyl

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 4 Blood spots on metabolic investigation card

Comment: State clearly investigation required and reason, please complete Temple St. Request form

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 88 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Carnitine, Total and Free

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle. Comment: Send to Biochemistry immediately

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Catecholamines (Spot/Paediatric)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Random urine sample Comment: Minimum volume 10mls

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

 $Test: \ \ Catecholamines \ (Urine-VMA) \ - A drenaline/Noradrenaline/Metanephrines/\ Normetanephrines$

/Dopamine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 24 hour acidified urine collection

Comment: Contact Specimen Reception (Ext 8123) for appropriate container with additive.

Please specify catecholamines required.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Central Intravascular Cannula /Catheter Tips

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Lines from Tips from arterial/venous lines cut to 4cm in sterile container.

Comment: Only send where there is evidence of infection. Urinary catheters or peripheral venous

cannulas are not tested

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any clinically significant isolate with the appropriate sensitivities

Test: Catheter Urine-CSU

Comment: see urine culture

Test: CEA

Comment: see carcinoembryonic antigen

If requested with general biochemistry tests, please send a second sample for CEA

Test: Cell-free fetal DNA (cffDNA) for fetal RHD Screen

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle from maternal blood

Comment: Gestation must be at least 11 weeks. EDD must be recorded on the IBTS request form.

Turnaround: 14 Days

Report: Fetal RHD Screen

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid-Bacterial PCR



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 89 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred To: IMSRL, Temple Street, Dublin.

Specimen: CSF / EDTA - State bacteria required for screening

Comment: Relevant clinical details required before testing is undertaken.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Report: DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid - Culture / Microscopy

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology & Haematology

Specimen: 3 specimens in sterile containers. Must be brought immediately to the laboratory. Comment: Deliver directly to Laboratory. Inform lab. **Do not use chute delivery system.**

Turnaround: Microscopy 1 Hour. Culture: 3 working days

Report: Microscopy & culture.

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid-Cytology

Laboratory: Histology-Cytology

Specimen: 0.5 – 2ml CSF in glass bijou bottle or 20ml universal container.

Comment: Deliver directly to Laboratory. **Do not use chute delivery system.**

Clinical details are required

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Report: Detection of neoplastic and non-neoplastic cells.

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid-Glucose

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: CSF in 4.0mL FX 10mg/8mg (Fluoride Oxalate)) bottle

Comment send simultaneous plasma glucose specimen

Turnaround: 1 - 3 hrs

Ref. Range: 2/3 Plasma Glucose value.

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid-Oligoclonal bands and CSF IgG index

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH

Specimen: CSF specimen and blood in 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: CSF and accompanying blood sample must be sent

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid-Protein

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: 1.5ml CSF plain container

Comment Do not use the Pneumatic tube system for transporting CSF

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Hrs
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cerebrospinal Fluid-Virology

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred To: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: CSF - State Viruses required for screening

Comment: Relevant clinical details required before testing is undertaken.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Ref. Range: N/A

Test: CSF Xanthachromia

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to Beaumont Hospital



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 90 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Specimen: Min of 1ml CSF required (cannot be processed if <1ml_

Comment: CSF sample <u>must be protected from light as soon as it is taken</u> (e.g. cover tube in tin foil).

Send sample directly to the laboratory as it requires separation on < 1 hr Blood sample

required for Bilirubin and TProtein.

Turnaround: 1-2 days
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Ceruloplasmin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cervical Swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology Specimen: Swab in transport medium.

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any clinically significant isolate with the appropriate sensitivities

Test: Chlamydia trachomatis and Neisseria gonorrhoea PCR Test

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred Test Medical Microbiology GUH

Specimen: Abbott Multi-Collect Specimen Collection Kits supplied by Microbiology Department.

Comment: Deliver to the laboratory within 24 h of collection

Turnaround: 2-3 weeks

Report: DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: Chloride

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry/Blood Gas analyser

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Chloride (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 24hr urine collection. No additive

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cholesterol

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cholinesterase

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 91 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Chromogranin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.
Comment: Send to laboratory immediately

Turnaround: 1 week
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Chromosome analysis – Tissue

Laboratory: Histology-Tissue: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin

Specimen: Fresh tissue

Comment: Special fixative (Ham's fluid) available in the histology laboratory (ext 8368).

Biomnis consent form required. Out of hours cytogenetics tissue samples in HAMS fluid

must be placed on top shelf of Histology laboratory fridge

Turnaround: 2 - 6 Weeks

Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Chromosome analysis (Karyotyping) - Adult samples

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin.

Specimen: 6ml LH (Lithium Heparin – Green) bottle supplied by Microbiology Dept

Comment: Consent form required for Claymon Biomnis. Sample must arrive in the laboratory by

12 noon on Wednesday to facilitate transport.

Turnaround: 1 month
Report: Refer to report

Test: Chromosome analysis (Karyotyping) - Paediatric <5 years old

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: The National Centre for Medical

Genetics, Crumlin, Dublin (by prior arrangement only).

Specimen: 6ml LH (Lithium Heparin – Green) bottle

Comment: Consent form required for Medical Genetics, Crumlin. Sample must arrive in the

laboratory by 12 noon on Wednesday to facilitate transport.

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Months
Report: Refer to report

Test: Clostridum difficile PCR Test

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Comment: Performed on Diarrhoeal specimens only

Turnaround: 2 working days

Test: Clozapine (Clozaril)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: EDTA whole blood

Comment: Send immediately to the lab

Turnaround: 1 Week

Test: Coagulation Factor Assay

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3 x2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Comment: Must be arranged in advance (ext. 8366)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 92 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Coagulation Screen

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Comment: Profile includes PT (INR) and APTT and Fibrinogen. Details of anticoagulant therapy

required. Must fill bottle to mark. Other assays, phone 8366.

Turnaround: 4 hours

Ref. Range: see individual assay

Test: Cocaine

Comment: see Toxicology screen (urine)

Test: Complement Assays

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology. Referred test: Immunology GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Coombs test - Adult

Comment: see Direct Antiglobulin Test

Test: Copper (Blood)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Trace element bottle available from Biochemistry

Turnaround: 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Copper (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cortisol

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: NB State sample time and state if Synacthn test or Dexamethasone suppression test

Turnaround: 1 Week

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: COVID-19

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab of nasopharyngeal in 3ml COPAN UTM [swabs available from Microbiology Dept.].

If delay of >8hours in reaching Microbiology lab then must refrigerate @ 2-8°C.

Turnaround: 1 day

Report: Detected/Not Detected



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 93 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Coxiella burnetti IgM antibodies (Q fever)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Public Health Laboratory Service, Bristol

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: C-Peptide

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Creatine Kinase (CK)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Creatinine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Creatinine (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cross Matching (where Group & Screen has been completed)

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: Nil

Comment: Fully complete the Blood Transfusion request card

Turnaround: 4 hours if not urgent; if urgent, refer to Blood Transfusion section on urgent TAT's

Report: Group, Antibody screen & crossmatched units

Test: Cryoglobulins

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: Contact Immunology, GUH

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 94 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Cryptosporidium parvum (cold ZN microscopy)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology Referred to Microbiology GUH as part of Faeces PCR. See below

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Comment: Performed on faecal specimens from patients < 15 years old

Turnaround: 2 working days

Report: Oocysts of Cryptosporidium seen or not seen

Test: Cyclosporin A

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Clinical Chemistry, GUH / Biochemistry, OHSC, Crumlin.

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle, before 12MD.

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Cyst aspirates

Comment: see Body Fluids

Test: Cystic Fibrosis- Genetic test

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: National Centre for Medical Genetics, OLHSC,

Crumlin, Dublin 12.

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Comment: Signed consent form must accompany requests. Forms available from the laboratory

ext. 369

Turnaround: 6 - 8 weeks

Test: Cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG / IgM Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1Week

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Cytomegalovirus (CMV-DEAFF)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: Urine, T/S, Throat Wash, BAL

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: On report form

Test: D-Dimers

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Turnaround: 4 hours Ref. Range: < 250ug/L

Test: Dehydroepiandrosterone Sulphate (DHEAS)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 95 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Digoxin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Diptheria (Culture of Throat swab)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Medical Microbiology, GUH, Galway.

Specimen: Swab in transport medium

Comment: Contact the laboratory (ext. 8369) in advance of sending the swab as arrangements for

testing must be in place.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Report: Any clinically significant isolate with appropriate sensitivities.

Test: Direct Antiglobulin Test (Coombs)

Laboratory Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle/ Paediatric EDTA 0.5ml BD Microtainer Turnaround: 4 Hours. No longer routinely requested as part of Paediatric group.

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Dopamine

Comment: see Catecholamines - urine

Test: Duodenal Aspirate – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Specimen in sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any clinically significant isolate with appropriate sensitivities

Test: Ear swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab of pus or exudate in transport media

Turnaround: 2-3 working days

Report: Any clinically significant isolate with appropriate sensitivities

Test: E. coli PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: IMSRL, Temple Street, Dublin

Specimen: CSF

Comment: IMSRL request form to be completed, only tested if patient has E,coli bacteraemia or UTI

and <90 days old

Turnaround: 10 working days

Report: DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: ECHO Virus



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 96 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Comment: see Enterovirus IgM

Test: Ecstacy

Comment: see Toxicology screen (urine)

Test: Effusions – Microbiology

Comment: see Body Fluids

Test: eGFR

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: EMA Screen

Comment: see Hereditary Spherocytosis

Test: Endocervical Swab - Culture

Comment: see Vaginal swab

Test: Enterobius vermicularis (sellotape slide for Pin worms)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Sellotape slide Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Presence or absence of Enterobius vermicularis

Test: Enterovirus screen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin

Specimen: Specimen of stool in stool container

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1- 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Sample must be received on the same day as Phlebotomy. Separate sample must be taken

Turnaround: 4 hours

Ref. Range: Male: 0 - 22 Female: 0 - 30

Test: Erythropoietin (EPO)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 97 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred To: Haematology Dept., St James's Hospital, Dublin

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Extended Spectrum Beta-Lactamase (ESBL) Screen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Rectal Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 2-3 Working days Report: ESBL isolated/Not isolated

Test: Eye Swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology
Specimen: Swab in transport medium.

Comment: Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C (where occular Gonorrhea is suspected from

neonates swabs should be brought to lab for immediate culture).

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any clinically significant isolate with appropriate sensitivities

Test: Factor Inhibitor Studies

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3 x2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Comment: Prior arrangement with the Haematology Laboratory (ext 8366)

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Factor V Leiden Mutation

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA bottle (Purple) bottle

Comment: Must specify genetic test. Factor V Leiden only performed if APCR is abnormal.

Turnaround: 6 Weeks Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Faeces- Molecular analysis, microscopy, culture and antigen detection

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to Medical Microbiology, GUH

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Comment: Rota and Adenovirus performed on children < 5 years old

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Molecular: Bacterial DNA Detected/Not Detected, Culture: Any clinically significant,

Cryptosporium / Giardia DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: Faeces Ova & Parasites

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: referred to Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Ova and parasites other than giardia and cryptosporidium are rarely detected.

Examination for other ova & parasites is only performed when specific clinical details e.g. foreign travel are

stated on the form.

Turnaround: 2-3 Weeks

Report: Ova, cysts or parasites seen/not seen

Test: Faecal Reducing Substance



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 98 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Plain Random Faeces

Comment: Send to Biochemistry lab immediately(<1 hr)

Turnaround: 1- 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Farmers Lung Antibodies (Micropolyspora Faenii)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: Positive/Negative

Test: FBC

Comment: see Full Blood Count

Test: Ferritin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottleTurnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Fetal Fibronectin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: Specimen collection kit available in Labour ward

Turnaround: 1 Hr

Test: Fetomaternal Haemorrhage (FMH) Estimation by Flow Cytometry referral Test

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion.

Comment: Contact Blood Transfusion EXT 8370 for further information

Test: Fibrinogen

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.
Comment: Must be specifically requested

Turnaround: 4hours Ref. Range: 2.0 - 4.0 g/l

Test: Fibrinogen Degradation Products (FDPs)

Comment: see D-Dimer

Test: Fine Needle Aspirates (FNAS)

Laboratory: Histology - Tissue

Specimen: Specimen is acquired and slides are prepared by Trained Radiologists.

Comment: Medical Scientist available if required by prior arrangement (ext. 368)

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days

Ref. Range: Correlated with clinical presentation.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 99 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Flecanide

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Fluid Cytology

Comment: see Body Fluids - Cytology

Test: Fluids/Aspirates for crystals

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Histopathology, GUH

Specimen: Specimen in sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 2 - 3Weeks

Report: Present/Absent and comment

Test: Folate - Red Cell

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA bottle (Purple) bottle

Comment: Must be received in the GUH laboratory within 8 hours of phlebotomy

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Folate-Serum

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Follicle Stimulating Hormone (FSH)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Fragile X Chromosome

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: The National Centre for Medical Genetics, OLHSC,

Crumlin.

Specimen: 1.2ml K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Turnaround: 3 - 6 Weeks
Ref. Range: On report form

Test: Free Light Chains

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 100 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Free T3

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround1day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Free T4

Comment: see Thyroxine

Test: Fructosamine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks

Test: Full Blood Count (FBC)

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle/ Paediatric EDTA 0.5ml BD Microtainer

Comment: After 24 hrs, WBC differential and red cell indices are affected by EDTA changes

Turnaround: 4 hours
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Fungal Microscopy & Culture

Comment: see Mycology- Dermatophyte testing

Test: Fungal Precipitants (Farmers Lung)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin.

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Present/Absent

Test: G6PD Screening/Quantitation

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Galactose

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 1.2ml LH (Lithium Heparin – Green) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Galactose-1-Phosphate

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 3.0 ml EDTA

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately. Contact Bio (Ext.8219)

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 101 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Gamma-Glutamyl-Transferase (GGT)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Gastrin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: >10 hrs fasting. Sample on ice must be sent immediately to the laboratory

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Genital Swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C. Where Gonorrhoea is

suspected please deliver directly to laboratory for immediate plating.

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any clinically significant isolate

Test: Gentamicin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Specify time specimen collected indicating Peak or Trough

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Glucose

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 4.0mL FX 10mg/8mg (Fluoride Oxalate -) bottle

Comment: Please Mix the Specimen by repeated gentle inversion State time and if patient is fasting/1

hour/2 hour

Turnaround: Urgent: 1hour. Priority: 2hours. Routine: 2 working days

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Group and Coombs

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle/ Paediatric EDTA 0.5ml BD Microtainer

Turnaround: Non-urgent: 4 hours. Urgent: 1 hour

Report: Blood Group and Coombs (Positive/Negative)

Test: Group and Hold

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Comment: The sample is grouped & screened, stored at 4C and available for x-match for up to 7 days



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 102 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

(with the exception of sensitising event i.e. pregnancy, previous transfusions or any

historical antibodies detected)

Turnaround: 4 hours

Report: Group and antibody screen

Test: Group, Screen & Freeze

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Comment: Plasma can be frozen for up to 8 weeks for a procedure when required. Samples are only

suitable for freezing when there are no antibodies detected or historical antibodies noted,

no transfusions in the preceding 3 months and excluding ante-natal patients.

Turnaround: 1 Day

Report: Group and antibody screen and relevant comment on sample storage

Test: Growth Hormone (GH)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Haemachromatosis- Genetic Screening

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Eurofins, Biomnis (Dublin)

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Both C282Y and H63D Mutations will be screened for routinely on ALL requests

Turnaround: 10 Days Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Haemoglobin A1c

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle, 1 bottle for FBC & A1c

Turnaround: 2-4 working days
Ref. Range: IFCC: 20-42 mmol/mol.

Test: Haemoglobin Electrophoresis

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to Haematology, St James's Hospital, Dublin Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle and 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Clinical details and ethnic origin of patient required,

Turnaround: 1-2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Haemoglobin S

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to Haematology, St James's Hospital, Dublin

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Request form must give clinical details, transfusion history and ethnic origin of patient.

Turnaround: 2 - 3Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 103 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Haemoglobinopathy Screen

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Crumlin / SJH

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle and 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Request form must give clinical details, transfusion history and ethnic origin of patient,

Please contact Ext. 8366.

Turnaround: 2 - 3Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Haemophilus Influenzae B antibodies (IgG)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment:

Turnaround: 5 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: Haemophilus Influenzae B PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: IMSRL, Temple Street, Dublin

Specimen: CSF / EDTA

Comment: IMSRL request form to be completed

Turnaround: 10 Days

Report: DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: Ham test (PNH)

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology Dept., GUH Galway

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Contact Ext.8366 prior to taking the sample.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Haptoglobin

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to Immunology, GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 Days

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: HCG Beta,

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: Urgent/Priority < 2hrs Routine 1 day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Helicobacter Pylori Antigen Test

Laboratory: Microbiology Specimen: Faeces

Turnaround: 1-3 working days
Report: Detected / Not detected

Test: Heparin Induced Thrombocytopaenia Screen (HIT)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 104 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to Haematology, GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle, HIT Request form must be completed, contact 8366

Comment: Must contact the Haematology Lab beforehand.

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis A IgM Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 3 working days
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis B Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to NVRL, Dublin

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 3 working days Positive/Negative. Provisional report issued on positive findings.

Reactive samples sent to NVRL, Dublin. NVRL, Dublin.

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis B Core Antibody (Anti-HBc)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis B DNA / Viral Load

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin..

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle. Monday-Wednesday only

Comment: Send immediately to the Microbiology Laboratory. Contact laboratory beforehand

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: Hepatitis C Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Positive/Negative. Provisional report issued on positive findings.

Reactive samples sent to NVRL, Dublin.

NVRL, Dublin.

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis C PCR / Viral Load / Genotype

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle or EDTA

Comment: Send immediately to the Microbiology Laboratory. Contact Lab beforehand

(Ext.8369).

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis D Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Please note: that Hepatitis B surface Antigen negative samples will not be tested for HDV.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 105 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hepatitis E Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Hereditary Spherocytosis

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology Department, OLHSC, Dublin

Specimen: 2 x 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: By prior arrangement only. Contact Ext.8366.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV) Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Herpes Simplex Virus Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.
Specimen: Swab In Viral transport Media or Pink lidded Viral Swab

Comment: Available following prior arrangement with a Consultant Microbiologist

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: Herpes Simplex Virus PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: CSF (min volume 150ul)

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: On report form

Test: High Density Lipoprotein (HDL)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: High Vaginal Swab (HVS) - Culture

Comment: see Vaginal swab

Test: Histoplasmosis

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Mycology Reference laboratory, Bristol

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Please contact Consultant Microbiologist before taking sample, clinical details must

include relevant travel information



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 106 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 2 - 4 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: HIT Screen - Heparin Induced Thrombocytopaenia Screen (HIT)

Comment: See: Heparin Induced Thrombocytopaenia Screen (HIT)

Test: HLA Typing

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Tissue Typing Reference Laboratory,

National Blood Centre, Dublin.

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Comment: Must be received in the laboratory by 11am.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: on report form

Test: Homocysteine – (Total) plasma

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 2 ml Li Heparin bottle/ 3

Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory <1hr

Turnaround: 2-14 days
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Antibody/ Antigen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 5 working days Positive/Negative. Provisional report issued on positive findings. Referred

to NVRL, Dublin for confirmation.

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Viral Load PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle x 3

Comment: Specimen must be delivered to the laboratory within 3 hours of phlebotomy. Contact Lab

beforehand.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Report: Detected/Not Detected

Test: Hurlers Syndrome

Comment: see Mucopolysaccharidoses

Test: Hydatid Antibodies - Echinococcoisis

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: IgE (Total)



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 107 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: IgG Subclasses

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Immunofixation Serum

Comment: see Serum Protein Electrophoresis

Test: Immunofixation Urine

Comment: see Serum Protein Electrophoresis

Test: Immunoglobulins; IgA / IgG / IgM

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Influenza

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab of nasopharyngeal in 3ml COPAN UTM [swabs available from Microbiology Dept.].

If delay of >8hours in reaching Microbiology lab then must refrigerate @ 2-8°C.

Turnaround: 1 day

Report: Detected/Not Detected

Test: INR (International Normalised Ratio)

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Comment: Fill bottle to mark. Details of anticoagulant therapy required. Do not refrigerate specimens

for INR

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Insulin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 Week

Test: Insulin-like Growth Factor 1 or 2 (IGF1, IGF2)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 108 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: Intra-Uterine Infection Screen / TORCH Screen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Ionised Calcium

Laboratory: Blood Gas instrument

Specimen: Blood in a heparinised syringe.

Turnaround: N/A

Ref Range on printout

Test: Iron

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle. Send to laboratory as soon as possible.

Comment: Fasting sample

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Jak 2 Mutation

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: CMD SJH Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Joint Fluid - Crystals

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Histopathology, GUH.

Specimen: 10- 20mls of fresh specimen in a universal container. If cell count is required please send

fluid in EDTA bottle.

Turnaround: 1 Week

Report: Detected/Not Detected

Test: Joint Fluid - Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Specimen in sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 3 working days

Ref. Range: Clinically significant isolate with appropriate sensitivities

Test: Kleihauer Test

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink- Blood Transfusion) bottle

Turnaround: 72 hours

Ref. Range As stated on blood transfusion report

Test: Lactate



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 109 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Blood Gas analyser or Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: Blood Gas Analyser /Fluoride Oxalate

Comment: Send the Flouride oxalate sample to laboratory immediately < 15 min Contact

Biochemistry Ext 8219 prior to sending sample

Turnaround: 1 Hours Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref Range on report form

Test: Lamictal / Lamotrigine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: Lead

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Trace element bottle available from Biochemistry

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref Range on report form

Test: Legionella pneumophila - Urinary antigen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Plain random urine specimen in a sterile urine container.

Turnaround: 1 working day
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Legionella pneumophilia Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Available in only very specific cases and following prior arrangement with a Consultant

Microbiologist

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Leptospira Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Luteinising Hormone (LH)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 110 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 3 Days

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Lipase

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor

Comment Clinical details required as this test is not routinely available

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Lipid Profile (Cholesterol, Triglyceride, LDL, HDL)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor

Comment: See individual tests for further details

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Listeria PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: IMSRL, Temple Street, Dublin

Specimen: CSF

Comment: IMSRL request form to be completed, must include clinical indication

Turnaround: 10 days

Report: DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: Lithium

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Liver Function Tests (Albumin, Bilirubin - total, Gamma-GT, Alk Phos, ALT, AST)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle Comment: See individual tests for further information

Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: < 3.0 mmol/L

Test: Lupus Anticoagulant Screen

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3 x 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle, and 1 x 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle.

Comment: Details of anticoagulant therapy required. Must fill bottle to mark. Anti cardiolipin should

also be requested



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 111 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 3 Weeks Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Lyme Disease

Comment: see Borrelia burgdorferi antibodies

Test: Lymphocyte Subsets (CD4/CD8)

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 2 x 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Do not refrigerate. Please contact the laboratory before taking sample (Ext. 8366)

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Magnesium

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor

Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Magnesium (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred test

Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Malarial screen

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Blood film is examined microscopically. The blood is tested for the presence of parasite

associated enzyme. Travel history and clinical details essential.

Turnaround: 1 Day

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Maturity Onset Diabetes of the Young (MODY) - HNF

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Turnaround: 12 weeks

Report: Detected/Not Detected

Test: Measles IgM / IgG Antibody

Laboratory: Serology/Virology - Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Measles PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 112 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Specimen: Oral Fluid, CSF, Urine, Swabs (Buccal, available in Microbiology Dept)

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Meningococcal Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: The Meningococcal and Sepsis Referral Laboratory,

Children's University Hospital, Temple St, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Meningococcal PCR

Comment: see Neisseria meningitidis PCR

Test: Metabolic Screen - Plasma (Amino Acid Chromatography)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: Lithium Heparin – Green bottle

Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory. Please supply clinical detail and Temple St Request

form

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Metabolic Screen - Urine (Organic Acids)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Plain urine sample

Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory. Please supply clinical details and Temple St Request

form

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Metanephrines (Plasma)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Protocol available from Biochemistry Dep't (Ext. 8219)

Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks

Test: Metanephrines (Urine)

Comment: see Catecholamines

Test: Methadone

Comment: see Toxicology screen (urine)

Test: Methaemoglobin

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH?? Available on the Blood Gas analyser

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle.

Comment: Fresh sample required

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Methicillin-Resistant Staph Aureus (MRSA) Screen



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 113 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Working days

Report: MRSA isolated/Not isolated

Test: Methionine (Plasma)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: Lithium Heparin – Green bottle
Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Methotrexate

Laboratory: Haematology?? Referred to: Biochemistry GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: State time of infusion

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks

Test: Microalbumin

Comment: see Albumin (Urine)

Test: Microarray

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Guys Hospital, London

Specimen: 3-5 mls EDTA
Turnaround: 6 months
Report: Refer to report

Test: Midstream Urine (MSU)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology Comment: see Urine Culture

Test: Monospot/ Infectious Mononucleosis Heterophile Antibodies (Glandular Fever)

Comment: No longer available, see "Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) Antibodies"

Test: Morphine (Opiates)

Comment: see Toxicology screen (Urine)

Test: Morphology (Red Cell) / Blood Film

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle, fresh sample required.

Comment: Blood films are made, examined and reported on patient FBC results which satisfy the

criteria for blood film examination.

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Mouth swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 114 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 2-3 working days

Report: Any significant pathogens & sensitivities if required.

Test: Mucopolysaccharides Screen

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 5-10 mls Urine

Comment: Send to Lab immediately. Please include clinical details. Turnaround:1 - 3 Weeks

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Mumps IgM / IgG Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Mumps PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: Oral Fluid, CSF, Throat Swabs (Buccal swab, available in Microbiology Dept)

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Muscle Biopsies

Laboratory: Histology-Tissue Referred: Histopathology, GUH

Specimen: Fresh tissue

Comment: Must be arranged with the histology department in advance (ext.368). Send immediately to

the laboratory.

Turnaround: 1 Week

Report: Histopathology Report

Test: Mycobacteria Testing - (Including TB investigations)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Medical Microbiology, GUH

Specimen: Sputa. BAL in 60mL container. Early morning urine (at least 40mL) in 100mL sterile

container - by prior arrangement GUH Department of Medical Micro and Portiuncula

Micro. Fluids/tissues in sterile container.

Comment: Urine testing by prior arrangement only. Check with the microbiology laboratory (Ext. 369)

for further details

Turnaround: TB PCR: 2 working days, Microscopy: 1 Week. Culture: 6 Weeks

Report: Presence or absence of Mycobacteria and culture report.

Test: Mycology - dermatopyhte testing

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Medical Microbiology, GUH

Specimen: Hair, Nail clippings, Skin scrapings, in Dermapak.

Turnaround: Microscopy: 1 week; Culture: 5-6 weeks

Report: Fungi isolated/not isolated

Test: Mycoplasma pneumonia Antibodies IgM

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Patients < 20 years of age. Available in only very specific cases and following prior



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 115 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

arrangement with a Consultant Microbiologist

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Myeloma Screen

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Myoglobin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Random Urine
Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Neisseria Gonorrhoea PCR Test

Comment: See: Chlamydia Trachomatis PCR Test

Test: Neutrophil Function Test - Dihydrorhodamine Flow Cytometry Assay of Respiratory Burst Activity

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle, control EDTA sample taken at the same time not a

relative.

Comment: Testing must be discussed with medical / scientific staff

Turnaround: 2 Days

Report: Normal/Abnormal

Test: Noradrenaline (Adrenaline/Dopamine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Comment: see: Adrenaline

Test: Normetanephrine

Comment: see: Metanephrine

Test: Norovirus - PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Comment: Performed only as part of an outbreak investigation

Turnaround: 1 working day
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Occult Blood / Faeces

Comment: Near Patient Test: Perform on ward.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 116 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Oestradiol

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref Range: on report form

Test: Oligolonal banding

Comment: see Cerebrospinal fluid - Oligoclonal bands

Test: Opiates

Comment: see Toxicology screen (urine)

Test: Organic Acids

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5 mls Plain random urine specimen

Comment: Send immediately to the laboratory with Temple St Request from and clinical details

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Osmolality (serum)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Osmolality (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: Plain random urine specimen

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Osmotic fragility

Laboratory: Haematology: test no longer available.

Test: Ova / Cysts / Parasites

Comment: see Faeces Ova & Parasites

Test: Para Thyroid Hormone (PTH)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to laboratory immediately

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Paracetamol

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor Bottle

Turnaround: < 2hrs



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 117 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Paraquat - Urine screen

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry referred test Specimen: Plain random urine specimen

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Days

Ref Range: Not normally detected

Test: Penile Swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C Comment: For investigation of *N. gonorrhoea* a urethral swab must be sent.

All samples for gonorrhoea investigation must be sent directly to the laboratory for immediate plating. Consider also sending appropriate Chlamydia trachomatis and Neisseria gonorrhoea PCR test if clinical concern- see section above for specimen requirements

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any significant pathogen

Test: Peritoneal fluids

Comment: see Body Fluids – Cytology

Test: Pertussis (Whooping Cough)

Comment: see Bordetella pertussis culture

Test: Phenobarbitone / Phenobarbiatal

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Phenytoin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Philadelphia Chromosome

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: CMD, St James's Hospital, Dublin.

Specimen: 3 x 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle or 2ml Bone marrow in RPMI

Comment: Must be arranged in advance with Haematology (Ext. 8366)

Turnaround: 4 Weeks Ref. Range: N/A

Test: Phosphate -

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 118 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Phosphate - Urinary (24hr)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection - acidified container

Turnaround: 3 Days

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Plasma Viscosity

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3 x 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Must be received within 2 hours of phlebotomy. Contact the laboratory in advance

(Ext. 8366)

Turnaround: 3 Days

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Platelet Aggregation Studies

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: NCHCD, St James's Hospital, Dublin.

Specimen: 2 x 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle

Comment: By prior arrangement only. Phone Ext.8366.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Pleural Fluid: Total Protein / Albumin / LDH

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry Specimen: Universal Container

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Pleural Fluid: Glucose

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: Fluoride Oxalate – Grey Bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Pleural Fluid: pH

Laboratory: available on Blood Gas Instrument
Specimen: air-free heparinised blood gas syringe

Test: Pleural Fluid Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Specimen in sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C. If cell count

required please send EDTA specimen to Haematology Laboratory

Turnaround: 3 working days (if no growth)

Report: No growth / Growth with relevant sensitivities



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 119 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Pleural fluid/Effusion - cytology

Comment: see Body Fluids - Cytology

Test: Pneumococcal (S. pneumoniae) Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: This test is reserved for post-vaccination testing and post-vaccine immuno deficiency

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Pneumococcal PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: IMSRL, Temple Street, Dublin

Specimen: CSF / EDTA

Comment: IMSRL request form to be completed

Turnaround: 10 days

Report: DNA Detected / Not Detected

Test: Pneumococcal Vaccine Response (Paediatric's)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Vaccine Evaluation Unit. Manchester

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 4 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: Porphyrin Screen

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred to: Biochemistry Laboratory, St James's Hospital, Dublin.

Specimen: 10mls EDTA blood, 5g of fresh faeces and a 24 hour urine collection

Comment: All specimens must be protected from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Potassium

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle
Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Potassium – Urine

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: Plain random urine specimen

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Pregnancy Test - Serum HCG

Comment: see HCG - Total serum

Test: Primidone

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 120 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: ProBNP

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry:

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 day

Ref Range on report form

Test: Procollagen Peptide Type 3

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: Progesterone

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days
Ref Range on report form

Test: Proinsulin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: Prolactin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref Range on report form

Test: Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) - Total

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Comment: If requested with general biochemistry tests,

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range Age related. See report form.

Test: Protein (Total - Serum)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 121 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Protein (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range on report form

Test: Protein C

Comment: see Thrombophilia screen

Test: Protein Electrophoresis (Serum)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Protein S

Comment: see Thrombophilia screen

Test: Prothrombin gene

Comment: test no longer available

Test: Prothrombin Time (PT)

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle.

Comment: Details of anticoagulant therapy required. Must fill bottle to the mark

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Pyruvate Kinase Screening (PK)

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, GUH.

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Q Fever Antibodies

Comment: see "Rickettsia burnetti antibodies"

Test: Quantiferon Test

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology laboratory GUH

Specimen: Quantiferon test Kit (available in Microbiology)

Comment: Quantiferon request form must be included, testing Monday – Thursday ONLY

Turnaround: 1 weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: RAST test



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 122 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Please state specific allergens to be tested or complete GUH RAST questionnaire.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Reducing substances

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Plain random faeces sample
Comment: Send to laboratory to freeze <1hr

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref Range on report form

Test: Renin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry Referred test

Comment:

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) - PCR

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology:

Specimen: Naso-pharyngeal aspirate in viral transport medium

Comment: Specimen must be forwarded immediately to the laboratory.

Turnaround: 1 Day

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Reticulocyte Count

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle (same FBC bottle)

Comment: Must be performed same day sample taken

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range see report form

Test: Retinol

Comment: see Vitamin A

Test: Retinol Binding Protein

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Send to Biochemistry Lab immediately

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form

Test: Rheumatoid Factor (RF)

Laboratory: Serology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.
Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 Weeks
Ref Range on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 123 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Rickettsia burnetti antibodies (Q fever)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Rotavirus / Adenovirus Antigen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to medical Microbiology GUH

Specimen: Faeces in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Comment: Test routinely performed on children < 5 years old

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Rotavirus /Adenovirus Detected / Not detected

Test: Rubella IgG Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Positive/Negative with comment.

Test: Rubella IgM Antibody

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week

Ref Range Reported in IU/ml with relevant comment

Test: Salicylate

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref Range on report form

Test: Schistosoma

Comment: Contact the laboratory at ext. 8369 for further information

Test: Serum Amyloid A (SAA)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Te SHBG

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment Female – only analysed where testosterone >1.2nmol/L.

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 124 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Sickle Cell Screen

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Must give clinical details, transfusion history and ethnic origin of patient. Test not valid in

children under 6 months of age. All screens are confirmed by HPLC.

Turnaround: 1 day for screen. 1 Week for HPLC

Report Positive/Negative

Test: Sirolimus

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Skin swab - Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any significant pathogen & sensitivities if required

Test: Sodium

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Sodium (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Somatomedin (IGF1)

Comment: see Insulin-like Growth Factor I

Test: Specific Gravity (urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: Urine in a plain Universal Container, no Preservative

Turnaround: 1 Day

Comment Available on urine dipstick

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Sputum - Cytology (malignant cells)

Laboratory: Histology-Cytology

Specimen: 0.5 - 20ml spontaneous or induced fresh specimen collected into a 60ml universal

container. Indicate clinical history on test requisition & reason for test. Sputum must be deeply coughed from lungs. Avoid oral contamination & saliva. Early morning on rising is

the preferred collection time



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 125 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 Week

Report: Detection of neoplastic & non neoplastic cells. Detection of infectious organisms.

Test: Sputum Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Purulent specimen in 60ml sterile container.
Comment: Salivary specimens will be discarded.

Turnaround: 2-3 working days

Report: Any significant pathogen & sensitivities if required

Test: Sputum TB culture

Comment: see Mycobacteria Testing

Test: Surgical Specimens for Histological Examination

Laboratory: Histology-Tissue
Specimen: Formalin fixed tissue
Turnaround: 90% within 2 Weeks
Report: A histological diagnosis

Test: Synovial Fluid - Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Specimen in a sterile leak proof container. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C. If cell

count required please also send in EDTA.

Turnaround: 2-3 working days

Report: No growth / Growth with relevant sensitivities

Test: Syphilis (Treponema pallidum) Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to NVRL, Dublin

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week

Report Positive/Negative

Test: T3 (Free)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle
Comment: Analysed depending on the FT4/TSH result

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Tacrolimus (FK506 / Prograf)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Trough sample required

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 126 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Testosterone

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle. Early morning sample within 2 hrs of wakening.

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Days Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Theophylline

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Thiopurine Methyl Transferase (TPMT)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 6mL K2 EDTA (Pink) bottle Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Throat swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 2 working days

Report: Any significant pathogen

Test: Thrombophilia Screen (TSS) (incl> PT, APTT, Fibrinogen, Anti-Thrombin, Protein C, Protein S, Free Protein S, APCR, Lupus anticoagulant, Anti-cardiolipin antibodies,)

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology & Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 4 x 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle and 1 x 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Samples must be received by 11am Monday - Friday. Clinical details and relevant family

history required. Anticoagulation history required. Must fill bottle to mark.

Turnaround: 5 - 6 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Thyroglobulin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Thyroid Profile/TFTs (Free T4 & TSH)

Comment: see individual tests Thyroxine (Free T4) & Thyroid stimulating hormone

Test: Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 127 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Thyroxine (Free T4)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Tobramycin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Specify time specimen collected indicating Peak or Trough.

Turnaround: 3 Days

Ref Range on report form

Test: TORCH Screen Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: On report form

Test: Toxocara antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis Ireland, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks

Comment: Available in only very specific cases and following prior arrangement with a Consultant

Microbiologist

Report : Positive/Negative

Test: Toxicology/Drug screen Urine (Benzodiazepines, barbiturates, opiates, cocaine, methadone, amphetamine, TCA, ecstasy, marijuana, cannabis, metamphetamines)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry
Specimen: 10.0 ml plain urine specimen

Turnaround: 1 Day

Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Toxoplasma gondii IgM / IgG Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Report: Positive/Negative

Test: Transferrin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref Range on report form

Test: Transferrin Saturation (%)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 128 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range on report form

Test: Transferrin Soluble Receptor

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: Haematology, Central Pathology Laboratory,

St James's Hospital, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Transfusion Reaction Investigation

Laboratory: Blood Transfusion

Specimen: Range of samples required

Comment: Refer to Hospital Haemovigilance Transfusion Handbook

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks

Test: Trichomonas vaginalis

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Vaginal, Urethral or Endo-cervical swab in trichomonas broth transport medium.

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Trichomonas vaginalis detected /not detected

Test: Triglycerides

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range on report form

Test: Troponin T (HS)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle /Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref Range on report form

Test: TSH Receptor Antibodies / TRAB

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred test,

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Test: TTG - Coeliac screen

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology, GUH.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Tuberculosis Testing



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 129 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Comment: see Mycobacterial testing

Test: Ulcer Swab – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any significant isolates

Test: Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Urea

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle Turnaround: Urgent 1 hour, Priority 2 hours, Routine 1 day 1 Day

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Urea (Urine 24hr)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection

Turnaround: 3 Days

Ref Range: on report form

Test: Urea and Electrolytes (Urea, Sodium, Potassium, Creatinine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle/Barricor bottle

Comment: See individual tests for further details

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Urethral Swab - Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C. . If Neisseria

gonorrhoea suspected please deliver directly to lab for immediate plating and consider

sending samples for Neisseria gonorrhoea PCR- see section above for specimen

requirements.

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any significant isolates and sensitivities if required.

Test: Uric Acid (Urate)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle /Barricor bottley

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref Range on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 130 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Test: Uric Acid (Urine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 24 Hour Urine Collection (+10ml sodium hydroxide)
Comment: Contact Specimen Reception (Ext.8123) for container.

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref Range on report form

Test: Urine Culture (MSU, CSU, Clean-catch, Bag)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Specimen in a 60ml sterile leak proof container. Must be brought immediately to

Laboratory. If delay > 2 hours use boric acid universal container (red top).

Comment: State collection method - MSU, CSU etc. Boric acid containers should be filled to dotted

line.

Turnaround: Microscopy 4 hours for urines. Paediatric microscopy urine only available on –call Culture:

3 working days

Report: Presence of significant pathogens and sensitivities.

Test: Urine – Cytology

Laboratory: Histology-Tissue

Specimen: Fresh (equal volume fixative added in the laboratory after gross description of specimen Comment: Fixative available in histology; in the event that the sample is taken out of hours, the specimen must be placed on top shelf of Histology laboratory fridge along with corresponding request card.

Turnaround: 1 Week

Report: Detection of neoplastic & non-neoplastic cells

Test: Urine Protein Electrophoresis

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 24hr urine sample preferred. Random urine sample (20ml, plain container, no preservative

accept able if 24hr sample not possible)

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Vaccine Response (HiB, Pneumococcal, Tetanus)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Immunology GUH

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 4 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: Vaccine Response (Diphtheria, HiB, Pneumococcal, Tetanus)

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: Biomnis

Turnaround: 2 - 4 Weeks
Report: Refer to report

Test: Vaginal Swab (including HVS & Endocervical) – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C. If Neisseria

gonorrhoea suspected please deliver directly to lab for immediate plating.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 131 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 3 working days

Report: Any significant isolates and sensitivities if required.

Test: Valproate

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 1 Week
Ref Range on report form

Test: Vancomycin

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Specify time specimen collected indicating Peak or Trough

Turnaround: 1 Day

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Vancomycin Resistant Enterococci (VRE) – Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C.

Turnaround: 2-3 Working days Report: VRE isolated/Not isolated

Test: Varicella-Zoster virus IgM / IgG Antibodies

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology: Referred to: NVRL, Dublin.

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Not part of routine ante-natal screen. Only available where strong index of suspicion or

exposure by non-immune individual.

Turnaround: 1 - 2 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin A (Beta Carotene)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred test

Specimen: Lithium Heparin (no gel)

Comment: Protect from light. Send immediately to Biochemistry lab.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin A (Retinol)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred test Specimen: Lithium heparin (no gel separator)

Comment Protect from light, Send immediately to Lab

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin B1 (Thiamine)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 132 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Comment: Send to lab immediately and keep away from light.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin B12

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Turnaround: 2 - 3 Working days Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: 3.0 ml K3 EDTA bottle Comment: Send to lab immediately and keep away from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin B3 (Niacin)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Send to lab immediately and keep away from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine / Pyridoxyl Phosphate)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Send to lab immediately and protect from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin B8 (Biotin)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle

Comment: Send to lab immediately and keep away from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin D (1,25 dihydroxy)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to lab immediately.

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin D (25 hydroxy)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test Specimen: 5mL Serum Gel (Brown/Gold) bottle

Comment: Send to lab immediately.



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 133 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: Vitamin E (Tocopherol)

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test
Specimen: /Lithium Heparin (Do not use gel separator)

Comment: Send immediately to Biochemistry lab, Protect from light

Turnaround: 1 - 3 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form

Test: VMA

Comment: see Catecholamines – Urine

Test: Von Willebrands Screen

Laboratory: Haematology: Referred to: NCHCD, St James's Hospital, Dublin.

Specimen: 4 x 2.7mL 9NC (Light Blue) bottle (x 6paediatric coag bottles for Paediatrics)

Comment: Must fill bottle to mark. Must arrange with haematology (Ext. 8366)

Turnaround: 4 Weeks
Ref. Range: on report form

Water Deprivation Test:

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry

Comment: Must be arranged in advance with Biochemistry Dep't (Ext.8219)

Turnaround: 1 Day

Test: White Blood Cell Automated Differential Cell Count

Laboratory: Haematology

Specimen: 3.0mL K3 EDTA (Purple) bottle (as per FBC).

Ref. Range: on report form

Test: Whooping Cough

Comment: see "Bordetella pertussis"

Test: Wound Swab - Culture

Laboratory: Medical Microbiology

Specimen: Swab in transport medium. Delay >2 hours refrigerate @ 2 - 8°C.

Turnaround: 3working days

Report: Any significant isolates and sensitivities if required.

Test: Zinc

Laboratory: Clinical Biochemistry: Referred Test

Specimen: Trace element bottle available from Biochemistry (Ext.8219)

Turnaround: 2 Weeks
Ref Range: on report form



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 134 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

Appendix 4: Register of Changes to Laboratory User Guide (Version 13 to Version 14)

- 1. Updated Chief Medical Scientist in Microbiology department. Updated new surveillance scientist
- 2. Minor formatting throughout. Corrected spelling throughout.
- 3. Section 9.6.3 Included need for blood culture bottles to be on system within 4 hours.
- 4. Expanded Section 1.4 Complaints and feedback. Included need for laboratory to
- 5. Section 2.1 Amended time for stores collection. Added IQC for glucometers supplied by biochemistry
- 6. Table 6: clarified possibility of sample rejection if some details (location, clinician) is absent but deemed essential
- 7. Table 8: Updated incorrect lab type as pre-analytical issue
- 8. Section 4.3- referenced desire to refer to lab number for add-on requests
- 9. 5.7 changed title of table to critical alert values. Changed reference from critical limit to critical alert values throughout this section
- 10. Section 9.6.5 Added Beaumont laboratory as referral laboratory for CSF xanthochromia and that testing is carried out Monday- Friday only.
- 11. Updated order of draw (Appendix 2) for paediatrics. Removed lithium heparin and incorrect serum bottle and added correct serum monovette tube. Added picture of citrate monovette tube for coagulation
- 12. Amended Point of care to near patient testing

13. Test Directory Amendments:

- A. Removed reference to refer clostridium difficle test. Changed TAT from 3 to 2 working days.
- B. Amended location of referral laboratory for Complement assay
- C. changes turnaround time for TB PCR
- D. Updated referral location for Meningococcal Antibodies
- E. Change to pleural fluid culture. Included reference to send count to haematology lab.
- F. Change to Hep B DNA testing days
- G. Added comment in relation to genetic screening for haemochromatosis. Changed referral laboratory and turnaround time.
- H. Updated sample type for ACTH



TITLE: Laboratory User Guide	
REFERENCE NO: LAB-GDE-001	REVISION NO: 14
OWNER: Pat Kelly/Declan Lyons	Page 135 of 135
EFFECTIVE FROM: 15/01/2024	REVIEW DATE: 15/01/2025

- I. Updated comment for Aldosterone
- J. Removed serum sample from Amino acids. Lithium Heparin only
- K. Updated turnaround time for paracetamol
- L. Removed urine pregnancy test from directory