

reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.		10 The rate per 1000 had discretished of clinic		Gastrointestinal Service The rate per 1000 had decreased in the rate per 1000 had dec	Colonoscopy/ 8 Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgest colonoscopy			ne o	ncy Care and 5	Surgery 4 The percentage of emergency him fraction	moments of hand hygiene	infection	2 The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital occurred Codes		Health Care Associated 1 The sate per 10 000 had a	Activity Ref Metric	Roscommon Roscommon
Cation incidents classification	reported in the month to the National Incident Management System. The rate por 1999 bed days used of clinical incident Management System.		al incidents reported in the month to the	and an engenic contributopy	weeks for an urgest extension	nan 52 weeks for their first outpatient	from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration The percentage of palents aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged	Department The percentage of patients willo were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency	e surgery carried out within 48 nours	o composition of the state of t	nce with the World Health Organisation's five	a several or inspiration acquired C. Difficile	W Cases of Hospital acquired C. Jun-1	bloodstream infection			
	Monthly		Monthly	A80	AZ3	Monthly	Monthly A30	Monthly A29	Monthly A42	CPA6	Bi-annual	CPA52	CPA51	Monthly	Frequency	Repairing	Reporting Month
	Not applicable		Not applicable	0		85%	100%	100%	95%		90%	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	10,000 bed days	Less than 1 per	i dige	Tarract	Month
0	0		24	0		74%	n/a	n/a	n/a		92%	0		0	MUOW SILL	· · · · · ·	Mav

Group CEO: governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group). Hospital Manager / CFOMACIE りつっとり、Signature: Mは、ようこと in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services Cost Signature:

Date:



Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure

Notes:

- It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective
- Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan. as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target
- Ψ endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
- 4. in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
- Ņ Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in
- 6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.